BUCCANEER
COVER at Rs. 5 each,
TUBE at Rs. 2-12 each
Write to
WELLINGTONS
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

PALMER
The only high grade COVER
Rs. 7 each
TUBE at Rs. 3-8 each
WELLINGTONS
Supply same
BOMBAY & POONA.

VOL. IV NO. 141 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
11th June	Caledonia	8000		
18th ,,	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
25th ,,	Arabia	8000		
2nd July	Malta	7000	Khyber	9000
9th ,,	Nagoya	7000		
16th ,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
23rd ,,	Khiva	9000		
30th ,,	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
6th Aug.	Mandala	8000		
13th ,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
20th ,,	Kashmir	9000		
27th ,,	Salsette	6000	Kaisari-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date About.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
15th June	Nankin	7000	Malwa	11000
29th ,,	Novara	7000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500
28th July	Malta	7000	Kashgar	9000
24th Aug.	Sardinia	7000	Arabia	8000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamer	Destination
*17th June	Linga	Karachi direct.
27th ,,	Pundua	East & South Africa.

*Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

About.	Steamer	Tons.	Destination
1st July	Mongara	8000	London via Suez and Port Said.

RATES.

First Class	Single to London	Rs.	690-0-0
,, ,,	Returning by B.I.	,,	1,035-0-0
,, ,,	,, by P. & O. Mail	,,	1,192-8-0
Second ,,	Single ,, ,,	,,	510-0-0
,, ,,	Returning by B.I.	,,	765-0-0
,, ,,	,, by P. & O. Mail	,,	877-8-0

For accommodation and further information apply to Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles Marble derchants Mna Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,

18, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals Bathroom fittings, etc.

THE
BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

LOCAL SUBSCRIPTION.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Yearly	15	0	0
Half-yearly	8	0	0
Quarterly	4	0	0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIPTION.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Yearly	20	0	0
Half-yearly	11	0	0
Quarterly	6	0	0

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS, 1916.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Exeter	A & C	9397		26thJune
City of Paris	A & C	9000		22ndJuly

Fares.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	555	883	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,035	480	720
Liverpool	600	960	455	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	942	—	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay.—Messrs. E. Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi.—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Bankers to the Government in Busra.

HEAD OFFICE. 4, Crosby Square, London. E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad and Basra.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Fransequi, Esq., (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Gaskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdass, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every decription of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends for clients.

L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

Messrs. GIRDHARIDAS RADHAKISHENDAS,

Indigo Merchants

General Commission Agents

and Exporters.

BARBHAI, MOHALLA,

BOMBAY: 3.

BRANCHES:

MADRAS, KARACHI,
CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE,
SHIKARPUR (Sind)
AND CHAMAN.

AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Rangoon Maru	T. Hori	5348	16th June	25th June
Yetorofu Maru	K. Ogura	4186	4th July	18th July
Penang Maru	S. Kushibiki	5280	11th July	21st July
Tetomi Maru	M. Fujio	3412	24th July	5th August
Bombay Maru	Y. Kobayashi	4626	7th August	19th Aug.

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels,, Gross Tonnage 273,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN,

via Singapore.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Indo Maru	5311	K Tashiro	30th May	14th June
Shinkoku Maru	5886	T. Kuchiki	4th June	15th June
Luzon Maru	4075	T. Watanabe	10th June	12 July
Shibetoru Maru	3376	T. Takemura	11th July	21st July
Malay Maru	4815	....	13th July	26th July

For Freight apply to

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampale
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin.		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

F. CORNAGLIA'S

THE FIRM FOR CHOCOLATES.

Just unpacked a large consignment of Cadbury's and Caley's Fancy Boxes

Price from As. 10 to Rs. 30 each.

FELICE CORNAGLIA

CONFECTIONER

BOMBAY & POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia"; Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK. LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 20,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Los Angles		
Liaoyang		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of halfyearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

78, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	(Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hoilo
Madras	Malacca	Hong Kong
Rangoon	Kuala-Lumpur	Canton
Colombo	(F. M. S.)	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Seremban (F.M S.)	Tientsin
Delhi	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Penang	Batavia	(North China)
Puket	Sourabaya	Hankow
Taiping (F.M.S	Saigon	Peking
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Haiphong	Yokohama
Medan	Manila	Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities. Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 24.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C LAMPS OIL	B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS.

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street,

P O. Box 2031. Telephone Nos 101 & 1439.

BANKING.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Taingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs.	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 21st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	Rs.	50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs.	31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs.	31,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs.	15,75,958
Reserve Funds	Rs.	11,21,541

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£562,500
Reserve Fund	£550,000

HEAD OFFICE.

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts, payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs.	20,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs.	10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs.	4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY,

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE, BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' reference sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.

Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address:—31, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address:—"SURETY", Bombay.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

"WANTED", "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount to prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES.

may be had on application to—

The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road. Bombay.

PURE LOTUS HONEY—Best specific for all sorts of Eye-Diseases. It cures cases of cataract in four weeks. No pain no harm. Rs. 3 per week. Two days' medicine gratis for trial. "LILY" P. O Simla, Calcutta. 568B

WANTED

WANTED—Complete TEXTILE PLANT. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 907, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4318

WANTED.—By educated Frenchman, PUPILS desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Translations undertaken, MONSIEUR FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1000A

WANTED.—By French Family PAYING GUESTS, single room Rs 120, very large Double 220, modern conveniences, Mrs. FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1000B

WANTED.—TUITIONS or ENGAGEMENT in local Schools or Colleges by an experienced Graduate, strong in English, Mathematics and Science. Terms moderate. Apply to Box No. 910. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4336

WANTED.—A Second-Class HEALTH OFFICER for the Sholapur City Municipality on a monthly salary of Rs. 150 rising to Rs. 300.

Candidates who have passed the M. B. B. S. Examination need only apply to the undersigned with testimonials before the 25th June 1916 The appointment is subject to approval of Government. The candidate selected by Government will be required to undergo a nine months' course in hygiene and a three months' course in epidemiology according to the syllabus approved in G. R G. D. No. 2161 of 15-3-13.

G. M. SHAH,
President,
Sholapur Municipality.

Sholapur Municipal Office,
7th June, 1916.
4325

A Bombay Firm invites applications from Graduates in ARTS, SCIENCES and ENGINEERING for employment in any of the various branches of the Firm's business or the concerns under their Management. The selected candidates must be prepared to undergo an apprenticeship course of three years (during which they will receive certain remuneration) in any Department of the Firm in any part of India or abroad. At the end of the apprenticeship period, such of the Candidates as may turn out satisfactory may be taken up on permanent staffs. Applications from men with exceptionally brilliant University careers, possessed of good physique, willing to submit to strict discipline and hard work in whatever position placed, and with satisfactory references regarding character, will alone be considered. Terms and conditions will be intimated to selected Candidates. Apply stating full qualifications and with copies of all testimonials to Advertisement Box No. 871 c/o. The "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay. 4179

APPLICATIONS for the post of Superintendent of the Alwar State Workshops are invited and should reach undersigned by 20th June, 1916.

No applicant who cannot read and write in the Nagri character in addition to English need apply, as reading and writing Nagri is a *sine qua non* of the appointment.

Applicants should have a good knowledge of iron and wood construction, be able to control labour, prepare estimates and have experience in workshops.

The appointed candidate is required to keep a Motor Bicycle.

The appointment will be probationary for the first 6 months and will be made permanent after that period if services are approved. It will be governed by State Rules.

The emoluments of the post are: Pay Rs. 150 p.m. rising to Rs. 250 p.m. in ten years; a Free House, and Rs. 20 p.m. as Motor Cycle allowance.

The appointed candidate will have to deposit a sum equal to 4 months' salary as security deposit; this sum to be deposited in instalments equal to one-fourth of salary. Should the appointed candidate leave the State Service without permission this security deposit will be forfeited.

All applications must state:—

Name, Caste, Age, Experience and Names of two or more references with full address.

The selected candidate will be required to take up his appointment by 6th July, 1916.

The STATE ENGINEER,
Alwar State.
1090

WANTED

WANTED.—An experienced BROMIDE FINISHER to do piece work. Apply D. NASSERWANJEE, PHOTOGRAPHER, Kalbadevi Rd., Bombay. 4330

WANTED.—Smart and intelligent SHORTHAND-TYPIST. State speed experience and minimum salary. Apply to Box No. 913 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4345

WANTED.—MASTER, CHIEF OFFICER, and SECOND OFFICER for steamers. Apply stating experience and salary required to Box No. 912 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 4344

WANTED.—An UNDERGRADUATE of good experience as an ENGLISH TEACHER. Apply to PRINCIPAL, Mahomedan Orphanage Khaduk, Bombay: 3. 4342

WANTED.—A LADY TEACHER Companion of social manners and well educated in a Hindu noble family. Apply with references to Box No. 874 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4194

WANTED Sub-Assistant Surgeons for Gwalior State Service. Starting salary Rs. 35 per month. Applications with copies of diploma and certificates to be addressed to

THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
1071 Gwalior State.

WANTED.—Experienced LADY or GENTLEMAN TEACHER to coach up four boys studying in third to fifth standards Second Language French. Residence near Chowpaty, two hours daily. Graduate preferred. State experience and salary to Box No 914 Advt., Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 4346.

WANTED—One second-hand OIL (Kerosine) ENGINE 7 B. H. P. of good manufacture, in working order, complete with tanks pipes. etc. Apply quoting price to:—

KANAYALAL BHOLARAM,
Chaligaon.
4326

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—MOTOR BOAT DRIVERS for service in the Persian Gulf on Rs. 100 p.m. with rations. Only experienced men need apply, in person with original certificates, to the SUPERINTENDENT, R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. 4321

WANTED.—By a local Mill under European management.

(1) An experienced COTTON MIXING CLERK.

(2) An ASSISTANT STOREKEEPER.

Apply to Box No. 908 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4329

FOR SALE

FOR SALE or HIRE.—Motor parcel delivery van in excellent order. For particulars apply to the MANAGER of the "Bombay Chronicle." 1018

FOR SALE—Immoveable properties in the best centre locality of Bombay Freehold Fazandari and Leasehold from Rs. 50,000 to 6,00,000. For particulars apply to Box No. 911, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4338

HARLEY DAVIDSON MOTOR CYCLE AND SIDE-CAR 7-9 H.P. Electric and Rubber Horn, Speedometer, Lamp, Pump, and Tools complete. Almost new. Cost Rs. 1,750. What offers? Owner buying a car. Apply to Box No. 99, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1099

FOR SALE—A slightly used Merryweather's Vaccum Cart. Ideal apparatus for cleaning the cesspools etc., in most Sanitary way. Easily worked. Capacity of the cart 200 gallons.

Any reasonable offer will be accepted. Address:—

HEALTH OFFICER,
4339 Surat.

FROM OUR NEW FACTORY. S. 9 Gents Black Box Calf Oxford Walking Shoes, leather quarters lined, medium toes, toe capped, bark tanned leather soles sewn on. Stocked in sizes 6 to 10. Price Rs. 5-8 per pair.

STOCK CLEARANCE.—57 pairs R77, Ladies Black Glace Kid Oxford Shoes, half leather lined, bark soles, handsewn. Sizes 2, 3, 4, and 5 only. Sale Price Rs. 4-2 per pair.

THE CHROME LEATHER CO.,
612-7 Pallavaram, Madras.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—Out on hire a piano. For particulars, apply to Box No. 14, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1030

DEOLALI CAMP VIEW Rs. 200 per month. Rosedale ground floor Rs. 150 a month. Apply on the premises or to Mr. CAMA c/o "Bombay Chronicle." 1080

TERRACE-ROOM.—With Bath and W. C. attached: flush and Shower. E. L. and F. Lift. Apollo Bunder. Apply to Box No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1096

TO BE LET.—Furnished Bungalows (A) Victoria Lodge (No. II) at Marzbanabad, Andheri; and (B) Clifton Villa and Clifton Cottage, Khandala.

All splendidly situated with stables, out-houses, etc. Apply to Mr. KHAMBATA, Solicitor, 25, Church Gate Street. 1016

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that IBRAHIM ABDUL REHMAN KALSEKAR and AHMED SAHIB IBRAHIM KALSEKAR, both of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property free from any and all incumbrances, claims and demands whatsoever.

Any and all person or persons having any share, right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in to or upon the said property or any part or parts thereof by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, inheritance, succession, survivorship, possession, trust, lien, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is and are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 4, Motilal Mansions, 14 Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered waived and absolutely abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure (now redeemed) situate lying and being at Worli Road, Nawapada, without the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one thousand and seventy eight (1078) square yards or thereabouts entered in the records of the Collector of Bombay under Old Nos. 341, 341 and 414 New Nos. 4669-4676 Old Survey No. 5 and New Survey Nos. 3217 and 3157 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 1423 and Street No. 422 and bounded as follows that is to say on the East and North by the property of Antonio Manuel Luis on the West by Public passage and on the South by the property of Tribhowandas Mangaldas.

Dated, at Bombay, this 12th day of June, 1916.

FORBES & Co.,
4340 Purchaser's Attorneys.

THE SIR WAGHJI WADHWAN CAMP MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 20th ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 121, Medows Street, on SATURDAY, 24th June, 1916, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1915.
2. To pass a Resolution in regard to the disposal of the profits made in the year 1915, as recommended by the Directors.
3. To declare a Dividend.
4. To elect two Directors in place of those, who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business which may be brought forward by the Agents.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

MOTEE JETHA & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 24th May, 1916.

N. B.—Notice is hereby given that, the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, will be closed from 24th June, 1916, to 8th July, 1916, both days inclusive. 4341

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect, of which notices have been received, will be placed before the Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Corporation called for THURSDAY, the 15th June 1916, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time):—

100. From Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji—For obtaining particulars concerning street accidents due to tram cars, motor cars and other vehicles.

101. From Dr. Moreshwar O. Javle—For requesting the Commissioner to take steps for the removal of an encroachment upon a public passage at Mahim.

102. From Dr. Dinsha Bamanji Pestanji Master—For moving the Tramways Company to provide Tramway shelters at the Crawford Market and Money School.

By order of the President,

R. P. MASANI.
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 13th June, 1916. 4348

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of ATMARAM BAJI TRILOKEKAR, late of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, a clerk, in the employ of Messrs. Jehangir Mehta & Somjee. ..... Deceased.

GANGABAI, widow of the said ATMARAM BAJI TRILOKEKAR, of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, the sole Executrix, named in the said Will residing at Thakurdwar Road, without the Fort. .....Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this seventh day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 8th day of June, 1916.

Messrs. JEHANGIR MEHTA & SOMJEE,
4347 Petitioner's Attorneys.

STATE MEDICAL FACULTY EXAMINATIONS.

UNDER the "Transitory Provisions" the graduates of the Non-official Medical Colleges of Bengal can appear for the State Medical Faculty Examinations for the last time only, no more concessions being allowed. Those interested are asked to apply to the REGISTRARS, NATIONAL MEDICAL REGISTER, Camp Sidapur Coorg, at once with one anna stamp. 4343

NOTICES.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ARDASEER & CO., of Karachi, Auctioneers for the North Western Railway, have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the General Stores Karachi, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th August 1916, and the following days, commencing daily at 7 a.m., a collection of Scrap Material, and Unserviceable Miscellaneous Stores, consisting of:—

Scrap Wrought Iron	2,400 Tons.
Scrap Galvanized Corrugated Iron Sheets	10 Cwts.
Scrap White Metal, mixed with Brass Borings	21 Cwts.
Scrap Steel Axles	110 Tons.
Scrap Steel Files	60 Cwts.
Scrap Steel Springs	50 Tons.
Scrap Steel Sleepers in pieces	450 Tons.
Scrap Steel Tubes	350 Cwts.

Also 5,000 Unserviceable Wooden Sleepers, and a collection of empty Kerosine Oil Tins, Paint Drums, Bottles, Jars, Old Tools, Furniture and other miscellaneous articles.

The conditions of sale will be notified at the time of Auction.

By order,

D. E. KEATINGE,
Chief Storekeeper,
N. W. Railway.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 9th June, 1916. 4332

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort.

CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST, GAMDEVI ESTATE.

AUCTION SALE of a very valuable block of land at the corner of Hughes and Babulnath Roads.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., have received instructions to let by Auction THIS-DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 14th June, 1916, at 4-30 p.m., on the premises on Plot No. 87 for a term of 999 years.

A valuable block of land, known as plots Nos. 87, 88 and 89, of this Estate having an area of about 4,943 square yards and frontages of over 450 feet to Hughes and Babulnath Roads. The land may be used for the erection of residences and subject to certain special conditions, offices, show-rooms and carriage or motor work shops.

Particulars and conditions with plans may be had from the Land Manager, City Improvement Trust, or from the Auctioneers.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS CO., LTD., (IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION).

AUCTION SALE of the Mill premises together with engines, boilers, machinery, etc., situate at Haines Road, Mahaluxmi.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., under Instructions from Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart, and W. Turner Green, Esq., Liquidators of the Company abovenamed, will on WEDNESDAY the 28th June 1916, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, the abovementioned immoveable properties of the company, together with the Spinning Mill and other appurtenants, buildings standing thereon and the engines, boilers and machinery of the said Mill. The Mill has 36432 mule spindles and has land measuring about 37,914 square yards or thereabout. The sale will be subject to certain condition and the conditions as also the particulars of sale may be inspected at any time at the Office of the said Liquidators at No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, or of the undersigned, during business hours. The title deeds relating to the said premises may also be inspected at the office of Liquidators' solicitors Messrs Payne and Co., at Treachers' Building, Fort. On application being made to the liquidators, or to the undersigned arrangements will be made to show the intending purchasers, the premises and machinery.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS Co., LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation.)

AUCTION SALE of the Mill premises, together with engine, boilers, machinery, etc., situate at De Lisle Road, Chinchpogli.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., under instructions from Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart, and W. Turner Green, Esq., Liquidators of the Company abovenamed will on WEDNESDAY, the 5th July 1916, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, the abovementioned immoveable properties of the Company together with the Spinning Mill and other appurtenants buildings, standing thereon and the engines, boilers and machinery of the said mills. The mill has 27,200 ring spindles and has land admeasuring 20,044 square yards or thereabouts of Foras tenure. The sale will be subject to certain conditions, and the conditions as also the particulars of sale may be inspected at any time at the office of the said liquidators at No. 1 Forbes Street, Fort, or of the undersigned during business hours. The title deeds relating to the said premises may also be inspected at the office of the Liquidators' Solicitors, Messrs. Payne and Co., at Treacher's Buildings, Fort. On application being made to the Liquidators or to the undersigned arrangements will be made to show the intending purchasers, the premises and machinery.

On SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M., (S.T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred pa'anquin office shigram in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 bay Arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.

1 12-14 H.P. 4 cylinder, 5 seated, Fiat motor car, Bosch magneto, torpedo body, very roomy and comfortable in perfect running order.

1 10 H.P. single cylinder, 2 seated De Dion motor car, side speed, Bosch magneto, new body complete, in perfect working order.

1 8 H.P. single cylinder De Dion motor car, in good working order.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 14th June, 1916.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

20 Apollo St. Fort, Tel: No. 3460.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, 1916, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.).

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ENTIRE STOCK-IN-TRADE OF THE SHOP OF MESSRS. J. JAMES AND CO., JEWELLERS.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 15th day of June, 1916, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of the concerned in the shop opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co. at the corner of Medows Street, Fort, the entire stock-in-trade of the shop of Messrs. J. James and Co., jewellers comprising:—

Gold muff chains, scarf pins, buttons, Chinese gilt bracelets, buckles, purses, silverware, such as buckles, cigarette and card cases, pouches, broaches, lockets, photo frames, silver mounted brushes, comb, silver candlesticks, sugar pots, milk pots, vases, umbrella handles, gold rings, studs, links, hair pins, hat-pins, photo pendants, charms, scarf pins, ear-rings, electroplated-ware, centre pieces, spoons and forks, jam pots, biscuit, jars, watches, rolled gold jewellery, entire shop furniture comprising:—Fancy show cases, show cupboards, church organ, large double door safe, electric and gas lamps, electric fans, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

N.B.—Shop furniture, electric lights etc., will be put up for sale at 5 p.m. on the sale day.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PIECES OF LAND AT ANDHERI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Premchand Devichand & Co., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Jafferalli Fazelbhai Gulam Husein Vazir in pursuance of the Power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagees under and by virtue of a Consent Decree dated the 16th day of August, 1915 wherein the Mortgagees were the Plaintiffs and the Mortgagor and another were the Defendants, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will on SATURDAY the 17th day of June, 1916, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in No. 20 Apollo Street, Fort, the following land viz.:—

All those several pieces or parcels of land or ground situate lying and being at Mouje Andheri, Pot Tukdi Bandra Tukdi Thana bearing Survey numbers and other particulars as follows:—

SHALOM.

Survey No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land Acres.	Assessment Rs. a. p.
Kharip 7	1	0	0-3½	0-8-0
7	2	0	0-2½	0-8-0
7	3	0	0-2½	0-8-0
7	4	0	0-1½	0-4-0
7	5	0	0-5	0-12-0
Varkas 110	0	1	0-22	2-3-0
11	0	1	1-17	3-10-3
110	0	1	0-3	0-4-6
11	0	1	0-4	0-4-3
11	0	2	0-1	0-1-9
			2-21½	8-15-9

i.e 12,682 square yards.

Survey No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	In all Acres.
7	0	1	0-10½
11	2	0	2-13
			2-23½

Kharab (land): Remaining. Revenue Acres. (after deducting Kharab land).

0-½	0-10	0-12-0	
0-10	2-3	8-0-0	
0-10½	2-3	8-12-0	

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their Office No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT UPPER MAHIM.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Premchand Devichand & Co., and on account and at the risk of Shamshudin Haji Ebrahim Penkar the Defaulting Purchaser at the Auction Sale held on 19th May, 1916, in pursuance of the Power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagees, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will on Sunday the 18th day of June, 1916, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises the following Landed Property.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Upper Mahim in the City and Registration Sub-Distrtic of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and ninty-five square yards be the same a little more or less being portion of Land bearing Collectors New No. A/4487 and New Survey No. 2/35 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 5451 and Street, No. 22 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Mahim Bazaar Road on or towards the West and North by the property of Fazalbhai Gulamhusein Vazeer and on or towards the South by the Common Gully and beyond that by the property of Dossabhoy Nusserwanji Kharikwalla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 14th June, 1916.

AUCTION SALE

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of about 4,716 Bags Copra, 128 Bales Coir, 9,635 Bundles Coir, 135 Cases Cashew Kernels and Anicard nuts.

Under instructions from Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY the 16th instant at Carnac Bunder (from old passengers wharff of the Ferry steamers) on account of the concerned the following goods, damaged by fire and water, landed ex. S.S. "Favonian."

About 4,716 bags copra.
About 128 bales coir (coir yarn).
About 9,635 bundles coir (coir yarn).
About 127 cases cashew kernels and 59 cases anicard nuts.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

SALE AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of Aniline Dyes, Manufactured by Messrs. Ferben Fabrikam Bayer and Co., Ltd., Berlii Aniline Coy., Ltd., The Badische Coy., Meister Lucius and Bruning, Leopold Cassella and Co. and others.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 19th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, by order of the concerned the undermentioned goods:—

Indigo in lumps and grains 40 and 90 per cent. of B.A.S.F., B.A.: M.L.B.: Hydron Blue 40 per cent. Paste: Keryogine blue, Indogin blue dry paste, Sulphur blue, Kategin Violet, Theogin Violet, Kanthosine Orange, Paragal Orange, Indentherene Red Paste 20 per cent, Oxymine Red, Zambeshi Red, Algole Rose Paste, Helindon Rose Paste, Indentherene Scarlet Paste, Algole Yellow Paste, Sulphur Khaki.

The above goods are in original packing.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE and CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 14th June, 1916.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

THE

GOLDEN COBRA.

AN EXCLUSIVE WITH A GRIP and

CHARLES CHAPLIN
CHARLES CHAPLIN

in

"CHARLIE'S NIGHT OUT."

A screaming, side-splitting 2 part comic.

TIME:—7, 8-45 10-30

USUAL HALF RATES.

OLYMPIA CINEMA

TO-NIGHT

A Record and Expensive Incident in Cinema.

2 Serials together 8 parts.

MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

AND

BROKEN COIN.

24 CASH PRIZES 24

IN

Rs. 2,000

TIME:—6-30, 8-45 & 10-20.

Kirloskar Dramatic Co.

(RIPON THEATRE)

WILL STAGE

At 9 p.m. on Wednesday, 14th June, 1916, the ever Popular Sangit Comedy:

SOUBHADRA.

At 9 p.m. on Saturday, 17th June, 1916, the new Pouranic Sangit Play:

SUNDOPSUND

and

At 3-30 p.m. on Sunday, 18th June, 1916, the New Urdu Sangit:

TAJEWAPHA.

AMERICAN DENTIST.

Dr. H. de GRAAF

MOHAMMADI MAHAL,
DHOBI TALAO.

PAINLESS EXTRACTIONS.

Full set (upper and lower) from Rs. 60.

Fillings, Gold Crowns and Bridges at very moderate charges.

All work guaranteed for five years.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

TO GENTLEMEN

HOW many thousands do you waste on your life assurance policy?

You insured your life not to waste money but to make a decent provision for your family.

Do you know that your policy hardly serves this purpose?

The amount of premium you pay can be made to yield 25 to 40 per cent. more assurance without your losing a pie on your policy.

The "Q. & S." Book of Facts shows how. Send for free copy.

QUEEN & SAXBY,
Insurance Counsel
BOMBAY.

Telegrams: NEWLIFE — Telephone: 3373

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.
EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.
FOUR MORE NIGHTS
OF THE FILM THAT IS
ATTRACTING ALL BOMBAY.

"THE GARDEN OF LIES"

Adaption of Justus Miles Forman's famous novel, in five parts. A Balkan Prince takes his American bride for a motor honeymoon but there is an accident and Eleanor loses her memory. News comes that the Prince's father is dead so he rushes away. The girl asks for her husband and, on medical advice, another man is substituted, as the real one is far away. The Prince returns suddenly as king, and fights the substitute, who has fallen in love with Eleanor. Conspirators trap the king and he is accidentally killed. His widow regains her memory and is left to marry the other man and win true happiness.

A real comic:
"MINGLING SPIRITS":
Mother-in-law believes in spirits. When on a visit to the Newlyweds she calls for one and Mephistopheles, carefully coached by the young husband, appears and drives her out of the house.

The last Mail's
PATHE GAZETTE

NOTE:—FILMS PRESENTING SCENES OF MURDER, ROBBERY AND OTHER CRIMINALTY ARE NOT SCREENED AT THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, THE MANAGEMENT OF WHICH EXERCISES A STRICT CENSORSHIP, BEING CONVINCED THAT SUCH SUBJECTS DEGENERATE THE PUBLIC. AT THE SAME TIME ONLY THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST ACTED FILMS ARE CHOSEN FOR THE WEEKLY PROGRAMME.

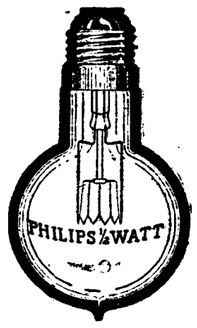
THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1, As. 8 & 4.
Box Seats Rs. 2.

TO-MORROW
VAT SAVITRI VRIT
HINDU HOLIDAY.
THE DAY WILL BE CELEBRATED BY THE GIVING OF PRIZES OF CHOCOLATES AND BOXES OF INDIAN SWEETS. EACH OF THE ENTRANCE TICKETS WILL BE MARKED WITH LETTERS A, B, C, or D. DURING THE INTERVAL ONE OF THE LETTERS WILL BE DRAWN ON THE STAGE AND THE HOLDERS OF COUNTERPARTS OF TICKETS WITH THE WINNING LETTER COULD EXCHANGE THEM FOR A BOX OF CHOCOLATES OR INDIAN SWEETS IN THE GARDEN DURING OR AT THE CLOSE OF THE SHOWS. ONE OUT OF EVERY FOUR PATRONS IS SURE TO WIN A PRIZE. THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PRIZES WILL BE: BOXES 45, STALLS 80, DRESS CIRCLE 25, BALCONY 40 AND GALLERY 100.
PLEASE PRESERVE YOUR COUNTERPARTS OF TICKETS.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.
Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the share of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIPS
HALF-WATT
AND
ORDINARY LAMPS



Volts: 4 to 250.
Candle power 4 to 3000.
Apply:—
THE
ORIENTAL ENGINEERING AND TRADING Co.,
Ravelin Street,
BOMBAY.

HELLER'S
ROYAL-ZEST COCOA

...nteed superior to any the Cocoa now sold in India. Specially recommended for convalescents and children.

OF ALL DEALERS

½ lb. tins Re. 1- 4-0 each
¼ „ „ As. 0-11-0 „
1 oz. „ „ 0- 3-6 „

SOLE AGENTS:
KOTHARI, SUTARIA AND COMPANY.
Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

WEST END WASHING Co

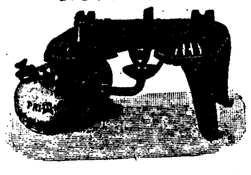
Specialities { WASHING, DRY CLEANING AND CHEMICAL CLEANING OF GARMENTS.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS
Glazed to perfection by latest process.
PRICES MODERATE
REGULAR DELIVERY GUARANTEED
Trial Solicited.
Opp. Nana Shankar's Temple, Grant Road
BOMBAY.

PRIMUS COOKING STOVES.

Burn Ordinary Kerosene Oil without wick producing a blue atmospheric gas flame, which gives about three times the heat of an ordinary oil-stove, and will cook or boil quicker than the best coal fire.

NOVELTY!



"Roarer" Pattern. No. 555. Rs. 13.
"Silent" Pattern. No. 999. Rs. 15.
Tank made of finely polished Brass.
Cast-Iron Top and Legs.
HIGH CLASS LAMP & STOVE DEPOT
Abdool Rehman Street, near Markets,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING

DEPARTURES.

June 13th.

City of Exeter	Rae	Liverpool
Lawoe	Lorue	Buseh
Wilton Hall	Williamson	Hull
Arrotoon Apcar	Water	Durban
Akbar	Courtney	Aden

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer	Arabia	for	London
„	Castlemoor	for	Calcutta
„	Goa	for	African Ports
„	* Zayani	for	Persian Gulf

*To arrive.

Tuesday, 13th June, 1916.

S. S. City of Paris:—The Ellerman Lines steamer City of Paris, outward bound, left Liverpool on the morning of the 10th instant.

S. S. Penang Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Penang Maru left Kobe for Hongkong via Moji (Westward bound), on the 11th instant.

S. S. Malay Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Malay Maru left Osaka for Bombay on the 11th instant, via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

S. S. Rangoon Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Rangoon Maru left Colombo for Bombay on the 12th instant, and is due here on the 16th instant.

S. S. Wilton Hall:—The Hall Line steamer Wilton Hall, 2,201 tons, Captain J. Williamson, sailed yesterday for Hull with a general cargo.

S. S. Arratoon Apcar:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arratoon Apcar, 2,930 tons, Captain W. H. Walter, sailed yesterday for Durban, via East and South African ports with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Akbar:—The steamer Akbar, 2,902 tons, Captain E. W. Courtney, sailed yesterday for Aden with a general cargo and passengers.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Indo Maru	Kuchiki	O. S. Kaisha
B. Shinkoku Maru	Kuchiki	S. O. Kaisha
D. & E. Griqua	Crone	T. M. Co
F. Bahadur	Hatlock	T. M. & Co
K. Kings-Mere	Griffiths	W. & A. G. & Co
P. Castlemoor	Jones	W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Netravati, Irrawadi, Sabarmati, Indrawati, Kaveri	B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Hellas	Berg	F. F. Campbell & Co
2 Mongara	Hamlyn	M. M. & Co
3 Ellora		M.M. & Co
5 Favonian	Holkar	K. N. & Co
6 Erinpura		M. M. & Co
8 Clan Macbrayne		J. F. & Co
9 Bahrein	Bennett	T. M. & Co
10 & 11 Quiloa	Warrington	M. M. & Co
12&13 Polperro	Jones	W. & A. G. & Co
14 Lluga		M. M. & Co
16 Firoozi		T. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Baroda		M. M. & Co
3 Arabia	Palmer	P. & O. S. N. Co
5 Clan Mackinnon	Openshaw	J. F. & Co
6 Nankin	Manley	P. & O. S. N. Co

M. W. D. D.

Goa — J. Finlay & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Flor-de-Diu	Aboo	Bhimji
Firoozi	Fernel	B. & P. S. N. Co
Gallia		J. W. Muirhead
Phrahang	Nicol	T. M. & Co
Raveoshoe	Hodge	
Winfordian	Shepherd	W. & A. G. & Co

EXPORTS.

FOR PHILEDELPHIA.

Grigua (s.) 660 casks goat skins, E. N. Stein; 52 bales goat skins, E. N. Stein.

FOR BOSTON.

Grigna (s) 211 casks goat skins, H. M. Halim.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Kingsmere (s) 25 bales wool, S. Maherbux.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kingsmere (s) 50 bales cotton fly, Ralli Bros.; 998 cwts. groundnuts, John Fachiri; 500 cwts. gingilly seed, John Fachiri; 499 cwts. linseed, John Fachiri; 100 cwts. mustard seed, John Fachiri.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia (s) 52 casks goat skins, Nizamuddin & Co.; 48 bales hemp, Bell Russ & Co.; 2,000 cwts. mussoor, Louis Dreyfus & Co.; 210 cwts. cassein powder, Duncan Stratton & Co.; 360 cwts. kismiss, M. Jafferbhoy.

FOR HULL.

Winefredian (s) 1,31,600 cwts. linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Nankin (s) 36 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nankin (s) 35 cwts. cloves, C. Ebrahim & Co.; 100 tons old iron firebars and fishplates, E. Tajbhoy; 21 cwts. musoor, Sorabshaw & Co.; 50 cases indigo, M. Saidahmed & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nankin 38 cwts. sharkfins, R. Dhanji & Co.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.
	Jun.	h. m.	ft. in.	Jun.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tues.	13	m 9 20	26 10	13	m 2 23	16 4
		8 46a	25 11		3 6a	20 4
Wed.	14	m 10 14	28 0	14	m 3 12	15 4
		9 46a	26 5		4 2a	19 9
Thur.	15	m 11 5	29 1	15	m 4 1	14 6
		10 45a	26 10		4 56a	18 1
Fri.	16	m 11 54	29 10	16	m 4 50	13 11
		11 37a	27 3		5 48a	18 6
Sat.	17	0 41a	30 3	17	m 5 39	13 8
					6 39a	18 0
Sun.	18	m 0 29	27 5	18	m 6 28	14 7
		1 26a	30 3		7 20a	17 0
Mon.	19	m 1 10	27 4	19	m 7 17	14 8
		2 9a	29 11		8 10a	17 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

June	Sunrise		Sunset	
13 (Tuesday)	6h.	1m.	7h.	16m.
14 (Wednesday)	6h.	1m.	7h.	17m.
15 (Thursday)	6h.	1m.	7h.	17m.
16 (Friday)	6h.	1m.	7h.	17m.
17 (Saturday)	6h.	1m.	7h.	17m.
18 (Sunday)	6h.	2m.	7h.	18m.
19 (Monday)	6h.	2m.	7h.	18m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—
First quarter June 9, 5h. 29m. a.m.; Full Moon June 16, 3h. 11-7m. a.m.; Last quarter June 22, 6h. 6-3m.; p.m.; New Moon June 30, 4h. 13-2m, p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 13th June 1916, was 29.725 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ships' barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8.45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 13th June 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours:—

The Punjab.—Ambala reports 0.20in. of rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in moderate or considerable defect.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the extreme western districts: Agra has had 0.53in. and Jhansi 0.50in. Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is slightly in defect; night temperature is also below normal in the area of rainfall.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah reports 0.85in. of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and at Kotah and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in moderate or considerable defect except in lower Sind; night temperature is also below normal in east Rajputana but in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been local in Central India West and the southern districts of Gujarat and of Kathiawar; Bhavnagar Para has had 0.31 in., Surat 0.33 in and Indore 0.26 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual in Central India West but drier in the inland districts of Kathiawar. Day temperature is in moderate or considerable defect in Central India West and Gujarat; night temperature is also below normal in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor reports 0.10in. of rain, Khandwa 0.24in. and Akola 0.15in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature remains lower than usual, the deficiency being considerable during the day.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been local; Mormugao has had 0.12in. and Karwar 0.46in. Skies are moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon reports 0.43in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Day temperature continues in defect in Hyderabad but has become normal elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The monsoon remains weak. Rainfall has been general and heavier in Malabar and local in the Konkan, south Gujarat, Central India West, the United Provinces, the Madras Deccan and south-east Madras, while some showers have occurred in the east Punjab, east Rajputana, the Central Provinces, Kathiawar and the north Bombay Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely in Malabar and local rain in the Konkan, the Central Provinces and Central India West and some showers in the Deccan and the United Provinces. A few showers may occur also in east Rajputana, south-east Madras, Gujarat and possibly in Kathiawar and the east Punjab.

OBVERSATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 13th of June 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. past 24 hours	Total since 1st November to date.	Departure since 1st November to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	108.1	77.4	41	0	0	0
Do. (12th)	97.6	77.1	46	0	0	—0.05
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (12th)	103.1	81.5	64	0	0	—0.15
PUNJAB—						
Multan	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rawalpindi	98.9	74.9	44	1.27	..	0.83
Lahore	100.2	72.5	61	0.56	..	0.32
Hissar	90.6	79.5	78	0.20	0.83	..
Ambala	90.7	74.5	77	..	3.53	3.18
Delhi	91.7	83.2	64	0.53	0.55	0.04
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	92.2	80.0	70	0.02	0.59	—0.25
Mainpuri	102.8	81.8	67	0.50	0.41	0.24
Jhansi	98.4	78.1	74	..	3.80	3.34
Cawnpore	95.2	81.1	93	..	7.74	7.11
Allahabad	96 5	82.0	58	..	1.14	0.82
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	109.5	93 4	63	..	0	—0.02
Karachi	90 4	83 5	76	..	0	—0.12
Ajmer	86.0	80.2	67	..	3.65	2.34
Jaipore	88.3	76.3	71	0.01	0.79	0.48
Kotah	81.9	75.0	66	0.85	3.57	2.84
Mount Abu	75.2	66.8	86	..	1.33	0 84
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	95.2	82.1	60	..	0.40	0.06
Dwarka	89.9	82.7	80	..	0	—0 47
Veraval	86.3	82.3	82	0.01	0.50	0.11
Rajkot	100.0	78.5	60	..	1.95	1 49
Bhavnagar Para	102.2	77.4	89	0.31	0.57	—0 15
Surat	91.7	75.7	82	0.33	2.30	1.6
Ahmedabad	95.8	83 0	64	..	0.18	—0.30
Deesa	93.8	82.4	69	..	1.37	1.30
Neemuch	81.1	73.8	83	0.02	3.51	3.04
Indore	77.1	69.5	92	0.26	2.73	0 94
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.3	74.8	82	..	3.58	2.90
Saugor	90.3	72.0	82	0.10	0.98	0.55
Hoshangabad	77.3	70.4	81	0.04	3.28	1.94
Khandaw	81.4	70.9	83	0.24	2.21	0.70
Akola	84.1	71.7	84	0.15	2.72	1 05
Amroati	79.7	70.8	85	0.03	2.21	0.01
Nagpur	83.3	73.8	70	..	3.41	0 80
Chanda	..	..	..	..	..	..
Raipur	88.2	76.4	86	..	2.45	0.76
KONKAN—						
Bombay	89.5	80.8	79	0.03	14.52	9 46
Ratnagiri	86.3	79.5	80	0.03	25.22	13.37
Mormugao	86.7	78.4	83	0.12	21 95	9.89
Karwar	84.2	77.7	85	0.46	21.30	4.40
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	94.1	69.8	83	0.43	1.73	—0.41
Ahmednagar	88.1	71.3	68	..	3 14	0 19
Poona	87.8	71.5	70	..	2 16	0.19
Sholapur	95.3	71.4	63	..	2.80	0.28
Bijapur	91.7	71.1	67	..	3.47	1 38
Belgaum	80.4	67.5	85	..	2 38	—0.95
Ahmedabad	93.7	69.7	77	..	3 99	1 64
Nizamabad (Indur)	90.7	74.6	69	..	3.24	2 06
Hyderabad	89.4	74.8	72	..	2 45	0.50
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	79.3	72.6	92	3.07	26 43	9 84
Calicut	80.0	73.9	98	2.78	20.86	5.67
Cochin	81.9	74.7	86	2.41	16.49	4.14
Colombo	83.7	72.4	83	0.29	4.42	—0.10
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	96.2	80.5	64	..	4.65	2.63
Bellary	94.3	74.5	58	0.10	0.30	—0.79
Cuddapah	101.4	81.8	64	..	0.31	—1.04
Madras	101.8	79.6	53	0.22	1.06	0.20
Bangalore	81.3	67.6	79	0.02	0.60	—1.20
Coimbatore	87.1	71.5	90	0.18	1.25	—0.59
Trichinopoly	98.1	79.2	61	..	0.08	—0.71
Ngasapatam	86.6	76.5	84	0.05	0.10	—0.40

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA
Bombay, 12th June 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m. 10 a. m. 2 p. m. 4 p. m. and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.551 Inch.
Temperature of Air	85.4 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79.4 „
Dew Point	77.4 „
Relative humidity of Air	0.773 „
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	8.0 „
Maximum temperature of Air	89.5 „
Minimum do	81.5 „
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.
Movement of Wind do. do.	265 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.03 Inches.
Total fall during month	14.52 „
Do. do. year	14.63 „
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of th	0.00 „

FOR GOOD GOODS
GO TO,
POPULAR PHARMACY and GENERAL STORE.
Grant Road, Bombay.
Dispensing and upcountry orders receive equally good attention. 684

Want more Orders?

If so, never say "These are War times, nothing doing."

That's the most unavoidable reason why you should put new energy into "your market." Just try this Tonic.—

ADVERTISING
MORE ADVERTISING
BETTRE ADVERTISING

It will fatten your bank account.
If you like, I will serve you.

R. V. KAIKINI,
Sales Scout & Ads Help,
"Bigger-Better-Business."
3, MEDOWS STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

LOOK OUT!!

SOMETHING WORTH EXPERIMENTING WITH.

Have you a bad Digestion, Dyspepsia, Sluggish Liver, Headache, Vertigo, Billiousness, Flatulency, Constipation, Yellow Complexion, Bad Breath?

You Should Suffer No Longer.
No Reason Why You Should.

TRY A COURSE OF

"TUTOCITO" Pills

THE FINEST THING IN THE WORLD.

See the result yourself. Accept no Substitute.

Ask for TUTOCITO Pills. The only thing that brings you Life, Energy, Blood, Nerves.

Do not wait for other people's experience.

Obtainable at all Chemists and Medicine Vendors in India, Burmah, Ceylon & Strait Settlements.

Sole Agents,
M. T. MADON & Co.
LEADING CHEMISTS OF ASIA.
"The Corner Shop," Crawford Market, BOMBAY.
A free catalogue sent on 3 ans. postage. Tel. No. 2628.

GIVE YOUR CHILDREN MARJORIE'S HEALTH SYRUP.

It helps their growth and wards off Coughs, Colds, Rickets and Wasting Diseases.

Get your supply to-day.

NORMAN & LAURIE,
CHEMISTS,
SANDHURST ROAD, GIRGAON, BOMBAY.

Wherever it Rains our Waterproofs Reign Supreme.

Black Paramatta, durable quality with cape All sizes. Rs. 39-8 each.

Dark Paramatta, good quality, with sleeves. All sizes. Rs. 39-8 each.

Umbrellas from Rs. 2-12, 3-14, 4-14, 7-8 9-8 and 12-8.

A. R. DIAS & BROS.
(Late of Leach and Weborney)
51, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

PARISIAN DAIRY Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

JAPANESE
PILSENER BEER.
replaces
GERMAN PILSENER.
DAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY.
The Largest Brewery in Japan monopolising Japan and the Eastern Markets.

ASAHI BRAND

The Best Brand in Japan.
Nothing to match it in quality.
Sub-Agents:
D. C. OOMRIGAR & CO.
D. D. BARIA & CO.
BOMBAY.

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner

AMICHAND GOVINDJI

The Oldest and most Popular Confectionery Depot in India.
(Established over Half a Century Ago.)
Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—
Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman.*
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various description and sizes.
THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALVAS of different description such as (*a*) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (*b*) Saffron Halva with almonds, (*c*) Gummy Halva, (*d*) Rose scented Halva, (*e*) Vanila Halva, (*f*) Muskati Halva, (*g*) Ice Cream Halva (*h*) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

THE BOMBAY WATCH & CLOCK MART
Sole Proprietor—
ESMAIL JOOSUB
Direct Importer of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Optical Goods, Harmoniums, & Sewing Machines.
124 & 126, Abdul Reheman Street, BOMBAY.

HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS

There is hardly a day passing but that we receive a testimonial from some user of Kaminia Oil praising the good effects secured from the use of the same. This certainly goes to prove what a wonderful beneficial preparation this is.

Kaminia Oil

Is composed of excellent medical drugs delightful to use, and is the very essence of refinement. For beautifying and increasing the growth of hair, to prevent it falling off to restore its natural colour, nothing equals KAMINIA OIL.
Kaminia Oil has the most idyllic fragrance which lingers delicately in a way to be pleasing to the dainty.
PRICE PER BOTTLE, Re. 1-0-0.
V.P.P.—EXTRA.
N. B.—SAMPLE FREE on receipt of Half Anna Postage Stamp from
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL Co.,
Juma Masjid—BOMBAY.

JUST UNPACKED
LARGE VARIETY OF
TOYS, DOLLS,
PERAMBULATORS
AND
CAMP FOLDING FURNITURE.
MODERATE RATE.
ENGLISH TRADING CO.,
315, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE
Company, Limited
Worked on a scientific basis and most economically under the expert actuarial advice of
GEORGE KING, Esq., F. F. A., F. I. A., (Lond.)
Low rates, liberal conditions,
For particulars apply to:—
FRAMROZE R. JOSHI, J.P.,
Managing Director.
28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS WANTED.

PREMATURE OLD AGE

ost vigour, lost memory, and lost nterest in life is often traceable to illness or excesses at some time of life which have left staminal weakness.

"Huxley's Ner-Vigor"

An organic acid glycero-phosphate syrup, contains the nutritive phosphate materials which supplement food and when absorbed into the blood enrich it, so that it becomes re-vitalised, followed by a corresponding rejuvenescence of the system.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.
ANGLO-AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., Ltd., Croydon, London.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, June 12th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5,000
" " " on Spec. & for Exp.	500
" " " of East Indian	500
" " Imports	1,000
Mid. Americans	8.42+2
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.73—1
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) July	12.75+4
Oct.	12.80+3
New Orleans 10 a.m. July	12.62+2
Oct.	12.71+5

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

LIVERPOOL, June 13.

Total Imports 2,000

Months.	To-day's opening price.	
June	8.15	+1
June-July	8.11	
July-Aug.	8.07	
Aug.-Sept.	8.00	
Sept.-Oct.	7.91	No change.
Oct.-Nov.	7.84	
Nov.-Dec.	7.78	
Dec.-Jan.	7.76	
Jan.-Feb.	7.74	
Feb.-Mar.	7.73	
Mar.-Apl.	7.72	
Apl.-May	7.71	
May-June	7.70	
June-July	7.69	

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 12th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	
June	8.14unchgd.	
June-July	8.10—1	
July-Aug.	8.06unchgd.	
Aug.-Sept.	7.99unchgd.	
Sept.-Oct.	7.91	
Oct.-Nov.	7.84	
Nov.-Dec.	7.78	
Dec.-Jan.	7.76	
Jan.-Feb.	7.74	—1
Feb.-March	7.73	
March-April	7.72	
April-May	7.71	
May-June	7.70	
June-July	7.69—2	

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, June 12th.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	11.32—5
November	11.23+4
January	11.08+5

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 12th.

M. G. Bengal Good	6.20	Unchgd.
" " Fully Good	6.85	
" " Fine	6.50	
" No. 1 Oomra Good	6.50	
" " Fine	6.80	
" Broach Good	8.00	
" " Fully Good	8.15	
" " Fine	8.30	
" Scinde Good	6.15	
" " Fully Good	6.30	
" " Fine	6.45	

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, June 12th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	6,000
" Exports to Great Britain	2,000
" " to Continents	13,000
Futures at New York July	12.79—4
Futures at New York October	12.93—4
Spot Cotton at New York	12.90 unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12.63 unchgd
Futures at New Orleans July	12.65—3
Futures at New Orleans October	12.74—4
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9¼—¼
Demand Bills	4.75⅝ unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars	64⅝+⅛

MONEY MARKET.

London, June 12th.

Bar Silver Spot	31+½
Closing Tone of Silver:—India bought	Steady.
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 9/16
" India Bank Bills 6 m/st	4¾
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5
" " " 6 "	5¼
Interest day to day loans	3½
" 7 day market loans	4
Consols 2½%	61¼+¼
Rupee Paper 3½%	53½ Unchgd.
Indian Stock 2½% Sterling Loan	80¾ Unchgd.
Government Securities 3%	69¾
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.16 Unchgd.

WAR LOANS.

London, June 12th.

3½ %, 1925—1928	£101¼+¼
4½ %, 1925—1945	£106¾+⅜

THE MAILS.

London, June 12th.

The Bombay mails were delivered here to-day.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, June 12th.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. May-June Nominal. Unchgd. .. 63/9
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom .. 2,995,000

SOUTH AMERICAN

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs. June Sellers Unchgd. 56/6

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian April Sellers. Unchgd. .. 65
Victorian April Sellers. Unchgd. 67

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley June-July Sellers. .. .. 50—3d.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July Sellers. .. .. .. 63/3+9d
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July, London Sellers .. .. .. 72—9d.
Toria Rapeseed June-July Sellers. Unchgd. 63
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) June-July Nominal Unchgd.
Linseed Calcutta June-July Sellers 70/6
COTTONSEED. 69/6
Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) June-July Hull Sellers 13/0/0+5s.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	Unchgd.	£143
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal		£121—2½
Copper Braziers		£163
Yellow Metal		16½
Hard Spelter		65
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool		18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 o/o F.O.B. Liverpool		£27-10-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie		£6-4-6

Unchanged.

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Aug.-Oct.	21/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Aug.-Oct.	21/7½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Oct.	23/6
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Aug.-Oct.	23/7½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure June-July	2/9+1
Plantation First Latex Crepe July Paid. 2/7 to 2/7½	+1

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, June 13.

Out of respect to the memory of the late Lord Kitchener the exchange banks and cotton markets at Colaba closed business at 2 p.m. to-day.

Messrs. PATEL BROS'. MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growth	Fine	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M. G. Broach	..	..	288½	Apr. 1917
M. G. Bengals	..	224½	..	Jan. 1917
M. G. Bengals	229	..	..	July 1916
M. G. Sind Punjab	..	..	..	..
M. G. Khandesh	..	..	..	..
M.G. Wardha-Binganghat	..	..	..	..
M. G. Nagpore	257½	..	..	July 1916
M. G. Akola-Khgm	261	..	..	Sept. 15 16
Do.	263¼	..	..	Jan. 1917
Do.	..	..	..	..
M. G. Broach	..	..	..	..
M. G. Westerns	..	..	263	June/July'16
M. G. Westerns	..	..	313	"
Compta	..	..	331½	"
Saw Ginned Dharwar.	..	..	302	"

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 48 hours up till 6 p.m. on 12th June 1916:—

Cotton	12,569 Bales
Wheat	3,004 cwts
Linseed	12,113 "
Ginjellyseed	654 "
Poppyseed	74 "
Groundnuts	803 "
Castorseed	4,716 "
Rice	565 "
Myrabollams	206 "
Cottonseed	345 "
Mowraseed	130 "
Gram	105 "
Joowar	1,343 "
Barley	5,133 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, June 13th—5 p.m.

	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Ready	35 0 0	5 13 6
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	34 0 0	5 13 6
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	33 0 0	5 13 0
Wheat, Karachi Bandra	5 12 0	6 3 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	5 11 0	6 1 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	6 12 0	7 2 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	7 10 0	8 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	7 5 0	7 11 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	43 0 0	.....
Teelseed, White 85.15	42 0 0	.....
" Gajar 75.25	41 0 0	.....
" Gajar 50.50	36 0 0	.....
" Black	8 8 0	6 14 0
Popyseed, White	41 8 0	4 6 0
Groundnuts	4 0 0	
Mowraseed	Rs. a. p.	
Forward.		
Wheat April-May	5 13 0	
Linseed May-September	8 6 3	

Castorseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 7-1-6, R.D. per cwt
Cottonseed.
Rs. 25, B.T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready 1s. 4 1-16d
to 1s. 4 1-32d
D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 4 3-32d.
to 1s. 4 1-16d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 4 1-16d. Aug

Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready 1s. 4 3/8d
Do. do. Forward ..... 1s. 4 13-32d. Aug.
Do. 6 m-s Ready 1s. 4 5/8d
Francs 3 m.s do. 191¼
60 d-s Hongkong 152½
Do. Shanghai 211
Do. Yokohama 154½

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	27-0-0
Australian do.	26-0-0
Bombay do.	25-4-6
English Shield Sovereigns	17-0-0
English Dragons	16-0-0
Silver Ready ex-duty	76-6-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, June 13.

The Cotton Mill Share Market stood almost unchanged with a steady tone.
Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares opened with a rate higher by about Rs. 20 than the closing rate of Saturday and moved up to Rs. 712½. But before close a setback was recorded.
In Mill shares for July delivery Davids closed at Rs. 473¾.
Fazulbhai stood firm at Rs. 492½, Madhavji at Rs. 1,427½, Standards at Rs. 1,227½ and Centrals at Rs. 2,150.
Swadeshi were placed at the prices varying from Rs. 1,650 to Rs. 1,660.
Indore Malwas improved to Rs. 320.
Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 622½ for cash and Finlays at Rs. 267½.
Crescent stood steady at Rs. 128¾ and Indian Bleachings at Rs. 165.
Bank of Bombay shares were placed at Rs. 1,562½.
Tapti Valley Railway shares changed hands at Rs. 575. Central Provinces at Rs. 115½ x. d.
Bombay Burma Trading shares declined to Rs. 925.
Bundi Cement shares were placed at Rs. 12¼
Bombay Electric Tramway Ordinary shares kept unchanged at Rs. 258¾.
Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares were placed at the prices varying from Rs. 176½ to Rs. 180. Deferred opened at Rs. 710 but closed at Rs. 690.
Tata Hydro Electric Ordinary shares were placed at the prices varying from Rs. 1,335 to Rs. 1,322½.
Katni Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 115.

GOVERNMENT PAPER

Business in 3½ per cent G. P. Notes was done on small scale at Rs. 80½.
4 per cent Port Trust Bonds (long-dated) were placed at Rs. 92½.
4 per cent Terminable Loan was quoted at Rs. 97½.

It is understood that Mr. N. Sundaran, an Indian Christian, will proceed shortly to Mesopotamia in connection with Y. M. C. A. work at the front.

BANKS.

Names and Amount paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div % p.a.	Quotations nett to buyers.
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad Bank	10	Jan.-July	18%	350
Alliance Bk., of Simla, Ltd.	100	Jan.-Aug.	14%	270
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50	100	Feb.-July.	9%	85
Bank of Bombay	500	..	15%	1,562½
Bank of Bengal	500	Jan.-July	16%	1,700
Bank of India Rs.50	100	Feb.-July	6%	69½
Bank of Madras	500	do.	12%	1,300
B'bay Merchants Bk Ltd., Rs. 20	100	do.	..	2
Central Bk. of India Rs. 25	50	..	5%	22½
Central Co-op., Bk., Rs. 25	50	..	6%	
Poona Bk (Old Issue) Rs. 80	100	June	10%	Nom.
(New Issue) Rs. 15	100	do.	..	Nom.
Punjab National Bk.	100	..	11%	170
Standard Bk. P	100	Jan.-July	Nil.	6
	100	do.	Nil.	22
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£			
Chartered Bank	20	Oct.-April	15%	£62½
Eastern Bank Ltd.	£10	March	5%	56
Mercantile Bank £ 12½ A	25	..	8%	£22
12½ B	25	..	8%	£54
Hongkong and Shanghai Bk. Corporation	$ 125	Feb.-Aug.	33%	541
National Bank of India £12½	£25	Sept.-Mar.	16%	£41

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

			Last half Year Div.	
Ahmedabad Advance	500	May.	20	810
Bhimani Cotton Mill	100	..	3	90
Bo. Cotton Manfg.	500	Nil.	..	185
Bo. Dyeing and Mfg. Company	250	..	20	700
Bombay United	250	..	20	185
Century	100	May-Nov.	3	195
Central India O	500	May-Nov.	61	2,145
Central India P	500	Mar.-Sept.	5%	455
China	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	30	3 0
Colaba Land & Mill	700	..	55	1,330
Connaught	300	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	100
Coorla	1,000	do.	Yr. 40	425
Crescent	100	April.	5	130
Currimbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	10	253½
David	250	do.	20	472½
Edward Sassoon	200	May-Nov.	10	175
Emperor Edward	500	..	20	415
Fazulbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	15	492½
Granji Petit	1,000	May.	40	1,180
Finlay Mills	250	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	270
Gold Mohur	500	..	15	460
Globe	100	..	Nil.	50 nom.
Hindustan	1,000	..	30	515
Howard & Bullough	500	Mar.-Sept.	15	275
Hyderabad	1,000	do.	60	1,390
Indu Dyeing and Bleaching	100	do.	10	165
Indian Manufg.	1,000	..	Nil.	350
Indo-China Mfg.,	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	60	700
Indore Malwa	100	Apl.-Oct.	9	320
James Greaves	500	Dec.	Nil.	130
Jamshed Manufg.	250	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	90
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	20	150
Jubilee Mills	1,000	May	Nil	125
Khandesh	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	25	860
Khatao	1,000	June-Dec.	55	1,295
Kohinoor	500	May-Nov.	20	625
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	Mar.-Aug.	100	1,275
Madhowji Dharamsi	500	April	55	1,425
Madras United	1,000	June-Dec.	60	1,350
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	do.	50	1,700
Meyer Sassoon	100	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	90
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	..	40	2,175
Nawab of Cambay	500	Apl.-Oct.	20	300 nom.
New Great Eastern	200	..	Nil.	177½
New Chgyol Bombay	500	Apl.-Oct.	30	950
Phoenix	100	Mar.-Sept.	5	152½
Presidency	1,000	Jan.-July	Nil.	195
Sassoon Cotton	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	500
Sasson Silk	500	April	Nil.	252½
Sholapore	1,000	do.	150	5,150
Simplex	250	June.-Dec.	12½	440
Standard Mills	500	Nov.	30	1,230
Sun	125	May-Nov.	7½	80
Swan	250	Oct.	do.	240
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct.	60	1,062½
Textile	500	May-Oct.	40	1,180
Union Mill	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	200
Vishnu Cotton P	500	..	Nil.	325
	500	..	7%	310
Western India	1,000	..	30	370 X.D.
Mysore Spinning	250	Sept.	Rs.15y	240

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown Co.	100	Oct.-May	50	455
All-India U. Co. Rs20	100	August.	Nil.	4
Bamankua	5	..	Nil.	5
Back Bay Bath	50	..	6	35
Badham Pulp	70	June	7	82
Bandra Tram Co.,	100	..	Nil.	40
Brick and Tile	80	..	..	3½
Bri. Burma Pat	100	Nil.	Nil.	100
Bo. Burma T. Corporation	125	Jan.-Aug.	35	925
B. Electric Sup. P	£10	Feb.-Aug.	6%	162
and T. Co. Ltd. O	£10	July.	6%	258½
Bombay Ice. Mfg.,	40	..	Rs. 2	20
Bombay Flour Mill	500	Mar.-Oct.	45	900
Bo. Land & Building	400	..	25	450
Bombay Steam	250	May-Sept.	..	23½
Navigation Co.	250	Feb.-Oct.	6%	247½
Central I.M.Co. Ltd	10	April	2	20½
City of Bo. Bldg. Co.	500	Dec.-Jan.	25	450
Delhi Flour	200	Sept.	5	132
Empire of Life Rs 50	600	..	42%	390
The Eastern	21	Nil.	Nil.	17½
Chemical Co. D2sh.	2sh.	Nil.	Nil.	28
Indian Cement Co. Rs. 250	250	..	Nil.	220
Katni Cement O	100	..	Nil.	145
D	40	..	Nil.	550
P	100	..	Nil.	118
Ind. Mercantile In. Co., Ltd. Rs.	100	Dec.	Nil.	5 nom.
Indian Cotton Oil Co. O. Old 10	100	Dec.-July	7%	105
O. New Issue 75	100	Dec.-July	7%	80
P. 150	250	March.	7%	156
John Roberts & Co.	100	Oct.-July	15	200
Jost's Eng., Co., Ltd Rs. 50	100	July	6%	50
Kemp & Co., Rs. 175	200	do.	8.12	165
Kurraonee Landg. Rs. 75	200	..	Nil.	90
Marcks & Co.	100	July	5	70
Mackenzie's Saw Mills	100	..	Rs. 15	176
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	6%	80 nom.
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	7%	65
O. Govt., S. Life A. Rs. 50	200	May	30%	525
Phillips & Co.	40	July	Rs. 4	59
Port Canning Co.	1,000	Sept.	40	805
Shivrajpur Synd etc.	10	..	Rs. 1	20½
Sirdar Carbonc Gas Co.	100	Mar.-Aug.	3	70 nom.
Sounday & Co.	100	..	Nil.	12½
Siddeley Ice Mfg. Co	100	..	6	100
Tata Iron Steel D	75	Jan.	6%	176½
Co. O	30	&	25%	690
P	150	June	6%	161
Tata Hydro Elec. O	1,000	Jan.	4%	1,322½
P	1,000	Jan.	4%	1,130
Tata Hydro Deb. Com. P.S.	1,000	April Oct. May	5½% 40%	5% prem 192 185
Thacker & Co.	..	..	Rs. 5	..
Telephone Co.	..	July	Nil.	550
Treacher & Co.	..	Nom-	Nominal prices.	
C—Buyer			XD—Ex.d ividend.	
D—Cum divide				

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Akbar	750	May.	250	4,600 nom 05
Albert Kurrachee	1,000	Nov.	45	97
Breul's Cawnpore	200	Aug.	Nil.	75
Bellary Press	275	..	15	125
Broach City	200	Oct.	8	97½
Fort	475	Nov.	20	220
Godavery Valley	100	..	8	75
Harvey and Sabapat	500	July	40	670
Hindustan P. & M.	250	..	..	125
Hingolee	100	Sept.	Nil.	25
Indian Cotton	125	Oct.	6½	117½
Jumna Ging & P. Co Ltd.	1,000	..	7%	700
Khangaum	400	Sept.	Nil.	300
Mahmudpura Ctn.	125	..	7½	106
Mahuva	200	Oct.	Nil.	125
Mercantile	125	do.	Nil.	20
Manmar Mfg.,	250	Aug.	15	220
New East Indian	1,000	Sept.	40	790
New Mofussil Co.,	400	Nov.	50	315
New Berar	500	Oct.	25	490
New Prince of Wales	500	do.	40	655
Sind	400	Nov.	Nil.	250
Surat City	200	Oct.	18	235
Volkart U.P.Co., Ld.	500	Sept.	20	495
Vardwan, G.P.	150	..	..	100

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka. Railway	100	Mar.-Aug.	5½%	122
Amritsar Patti Rly.,	100	do.	9%	146
Ahmedabad Prantij Railway	500	do.	8%	650
Ahmedabad Prantij Debenture	500	do.	4½%	Par
*Central Provinces Railway	100	Jan.-July	4%	XD115½
*Dhond—Baramati Railway	100	do.	4½%	112
*Guzerat Railway	100	Nov.-June	4%	99½
Hoshurpur Doab Ry. Rs. 100	100	Apl.-Oct.	4%	117
*Mandra Bhon Rly. Rs. 90	100	do.	4%	86
*Pachora Jamur Rly Rs. 50	100	Jan.-July.	4%	39
*Sara Sirajganj Ry Rs. 100	100	Jan.-July	4%	XD 95½
Sialkot Narowal Ry Rs. 75	100	Jan.-July.	4%	121
*Sind Light Rly.	100	Mar.-Aug.	7%	160
Tapti Valley Rly.	500	Mar.-Aug.	5%	575
Upper Sind Light Rly. Rs. 100	100	Jan.-July	4%	110½

CRICKET FIXTURES.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

"A" TEAM.

June 24, Municipal C. Club.
July 1, Elphinstone College.
July 8, Gowd Saraswat C. Club.
July 15, Baronet C. Club.
July 22, Parsee Gymkhana.
July 24, Poona Gymkhana.
July 25, Poona Gymkhana.
July 29, Islam Gymkhana.
Aug. 1, Byculla Club.
Aug. 5, Hindu Gymkhana.
Aug. 12, B. B. & C. I. Ry.
Aug. 19, Elphinstone C. Club.
Aug. 21, G. I. P. Ry. Co.
Aug. 26, P. Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana, Poona.
Sept. 1, Parsee Gymkhana.
Sept. 2, Friends Union C. Club.
Sept. 16, Islam Gymkhana.
Sept. 30, St. Xavier's College.
Oct. 6, English Schools.

"B" TEAM.

June 24, Currency Office.
July 1, Bhatia Mitra Mandal.
July 8, Bombay Young Cricketers.
July 15, New High School.
July 22, Grant Medical College.
July 29, Times of India.
Aug. 1, Byculla Club.
Aug. 5, Persian C. Club.
Aug. 12, New High School.
Aug. 19, Jolly C. Club.
Aug. 21, Cathedral High School.
Aug. 26, Islam Gymkhana.
Sept. 1, Persian Club.
Sept. 2, Wilson College.
Sept. 9, King King & Co.
Sept. 23, Bhatia Mitra Mandal.
Sept. 30, Elphinstone C. Club.
Oct. 6, English Schools.

QUADRANGULAR FIXTURES.

BOMBAY.

Sept. Monday 4, Tuesday 5 and Wednesday 6, Mahomedans *vs.* Parsees.
Sept. Thursday 7, Friday 8 and Saturday 9, Hindu *vs.* Presidency.
Sept. Monday 11, Tuesday 12 and Wednesday 13, Winners of 1st Match *vs.* Winners of 2nd Match.

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

June 17th.—The Bhatia Mitra Mandal C. C.
June 18th.—The Jolly C. C.
June 24th.—The Hindu Gymkhana.
June 24th.—The St. Xavier's High School.
June 25th.—The Baronet C. C.
July 1st.—The Wilson College Gymkhana.
July 2nd.—The Young Zoroastrian C. C.
July 8th.—The St. Xavier's College Gymkhana.
July 9th.—The Arya Bandhu C. C.
July 15th.—The G. I. P. Railway.
July 15th.—The Bombay Y. M. C. Association, Byculla.
July 16th.—The Parsi Gymkhana.
July 22nd.—The Bombay Municipal C. C.
July 23rd.—The Jolly C. C.
July 29th.—Bombay Gymkhana.
July 29th.—The New High School C. C.
July 30th.—The Young Zoroastrian C. C.
Aug. 5th.—The B. B. & C. I. Railway.
Aug. 6th.—The Baronet C. C.
Aug. 13th.—The Parsi Gymkhana.
Aug. 13th.—The Institute Luso-Indiano C. C.
Aug. 19th.—The Bombay Municipal C. C.
Aug. 20th.—The Friends Union C. C.
Aug. 21st.—The Elphinstone C. C.
Aug. 26th.—The Elphinstone College.
Aug. 26th.—Bombay Gymkhana B. Team.
Aug. 27th.—Poona Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana.
Sept. 1st.—The Times of India.
Sept. 2nd.—The G. I. P. Railway.
Sept. 3rd.—The Friends' Union C. C.
Sept. 16th.—The Bombay Gymkhana.
Sept. 17th.—The Lusitanian Sporting C. C.
Sept. 23rd.—The Bombay Paper Currency C. C.
Sept. 24th.—The New Hindu C. C.
Sept. 30th.—The Grant Medical College.
Oct 6th.—The Bombay Y. M. C. Association.
Oct. 7th.—National Bank of India, B Team.
Oct. 8th.—The Gawd Saraswat C. C.

CATHOLIC GYMKHANA.

June 11th.—Chitrapur C. C.
June 18th.—(Bachelors *v.* Married)
July 1st.—Grant Medical College Gymkhana.
July 2nd.—The Zingari Club.
July 2nd.—Jolly C. C.
July 9th.—Ralli Brothers C. C.
July 15th.—Eastern Telegraph Staff Recreation C.
July 16th.—National C. C.
July 22nd.—Poona Gymkhana.
July 29th.—Wilson College Gymkhana.
Aug. 1st.—Bombay Bank C. C.
Aug. 5th.—Byculla Branch Y. M. C. A.
Aug. 6th.—Lusitania Sporting Club.
Aug. 12th.—International C. C.
Aug. 13th.—The Zingari Club
Aug. 19th.—Y. M. C. A. Procter Branch.
Aug. 20th.—Arya Bandhoo C. C.
Aug. 21st.—Y. M. C. A. Central Branch.
Aug. 26th.—Cathedral H. School.
Aug. 27th.—Hindu Gymkhana.
Sept. 1st.—Currency Office C. C.
Sept. 3rd.—Young Men's Mahomedan Association.
Sept. 9th.—G. I. P. Railway, Matunga.
Sept. 16th.—Islam Gymkhana.
Sept. 17th.—Presidency C. C.
Sept. 23rd.—Government Telegraph C. C.
Sept. 30th.—National Bank C. C.
Oct. 7th.—Cathedral High School.
Oct. 14th.—Eastern Telegraph S. R. Club.
Oct. 15th.—Instituto Luso Indiano.

BOMBAY JEWISH SPORTING CLUB.

June 18th.—Saraswat Union C. C.
June 25th.—Chitrapur C. C.
July 2nd.—New Friends Union C. C.
July 8th.—Parel Young Jolly C. C.
July 9th.—New Jolly Young Cricketers.
July 15th.—Esplanade High School C. C.
July 16th.—Bombay Telegu Cricketers.
July 23rd.—The New Sporting C. C.
July 29th.—Turner Hoare and Co.'s C. C.
July 30th.—Lusitanian Sporting Club.
Aug. 1st.—Y. M. C. A.'s C. C. (Procter Branch.)
Aug. 6th.—Dadar Bhandarwasa C. C.
Aug. 13th.—E. D. Sassoon & Co.'s C. C.
Aug. 20th.—New Esplanade C. C.
Aug. 21st.—Rangers Sporting Club.
Aug. 26th.—B. B. & C. I. Railway C. C.
Aug. 27th.—Israelite School C. C.
Sept. 1st.—Bandra Union C. C.
Sept. 3rd.—Mahomedan C. C.
Sept. 10th.—The Young Friends' Union C. C.
Sept. 17th.—Alfred C. C.
Sept. 24th.—New Century C. C.

C. BHOGILAL & Co.,
MARBLE & TILES MERCHANTS.
MARBLE FLOORING

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 13th of Jeth Sud, 1972.
Mahomedan: 12th of Shaban, 1334.
Parsi: 7th of Deh, 1285.
Phase of the Moon: Full Moon, June 16.
Sunrise, 6 h. 1 m., Sunset, 7 h. 17 m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

B. A. Examination Results, 12-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 15.

Bombay Municipal Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, Varieties and Cinema at 6-30 and 9.45 p.m.
Royal Opera House, Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10 p.m.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 6.30, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATHS.

MERCHANT.—Nanabhai Cawasji, late Station Master of Kirkee, at Kirkee, age 70, June 11.
SETHNA.—Dinbai, wife of Dorabji Shapurji Sethna and daughter of the late Edulji Mistry, age 22, Homji Street, Fort, June 12.
PALKHIWALA.—Framji Jamasji, age 73, Balaram Street, Grant Road, June 12.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieutenant R. A. Spence, Offg. Commandant. June 14.

Riding School.—Riding School daily at 7 a.m. (weather permitting.)

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade to-day Wednesday morning, the 14th instant. Rendezous Chureh Gate Station 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Khaki shirts, no bandoliers. Regimental saddles.

Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class under Major Wallis (I.A.) will be held on the following dates of the ensuing week:—

Fort Contingent.—Rendezvous Volunteer Club, Marine Lines.

Morning, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 7 a.m.

Evening, Thursday, the 15th instant, at 6-15 p.m.

F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Acting Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding, June 14.

181. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by C Coy. during week ending 17th June. Next for duty D Coy.

182. The Battalion Orderly Sergeants on duty on Monday evenings will attend at the Volunteer Club whilst the Musketry course is in progress.

183. Range.—The Ghat Kopar and Military Ranges will be closed until further notice.

184. Recruits.—There are now vacancies in the Corps for suitable men; intending recruits should apply to the Officer Commanding the Company they wish to join, as recruits drills will commence shortly.

185. Musketry Course.—A short refresher course of musketry for Officers and Sergeants will be held at the Volunteer Club, at 6-30 p.m. on Mondays. All Officers and Sergeants are particularly requested to attend.

186. Medals.—Tennant Memorial Drill Medals will be issued to their owners on application to the Adjutant at Headquarters on Tuesday evenings.

189. Pay.—Men in Bombay who have not drawn the pay due to them for Actual Military Service will be paid out at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesdays only. Men out of Bombay must send their present addresses to the Adjutant, in order that their pay may be remitted to them.

190. Meeting.—There will be a Sergeants Mess Meeting at the Volunteer Club, Marine Line, at 6.30 p.m. to-day Wednesday, the 14th instant.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by Major R. W. R. Pennington, V.D., Commanding.
Bombay, 13th June, 1916.

No. 188 Duties:—

Duties for the week commencing Monday 12th instant:—

Orderly Officer for the ensuing week 2nd Lieut. W. N. Cartland.

Orderly Officer next for duty 2nd Lieut. H. G. Weber.

Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. C. B. Banks.

Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. W. H. Stubbs.

No. 164 Recruits:—

Several vacancies exist in the Corps for recruits; any wishing to join, can see the conditions by applying to the Corps Sergeant-Major at the Headquarters, Bazar Gate Street, Fort. Recruits instructional parades will probably commence this month.

No. 189 Duties:—

2/Lieut. H. G. Weber took over the duties of Corps Paymaster in addition to his other duties on the 12th June 1916, vice Captain G. D. Traylen, on leave.

No. 190 Leave:—

Catpain G. D. Traylen B. V. A. is granted leave of absence out of India for seven months with effect from the 11th June, 1916.

No. 191 Duties:—

Captain F. W. Wilson is transferred from No. 1 to No. 2 Company and takes over the duties of Officer Commanding No. 2 Company with effect from the 12th of June, 1916.

No. 3 COMPANY, KIRKEE.

Shooting Club:—Shoot will take place at 4-30 p.m. on Saturday, the 17th instant and also on Sunday the 18th instant at 8-30 a.m.

Parades:—Fridays at 4-45 p.m.

Sundays at 10 a.m. for those that cannot attend Fridays.

Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Arty.
P. W. RETALLACK, Capt.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps orders by Lieut.-Col. G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.
Poona, Tuesday 13.

511. Parades.—"A" Company at Head Qrs. on Friday the 16th instant at 7-30 a.m. All members should attend for allotment to Sections, etc., for the season. Dress Drill order, Shirts and Shorts.

"B" Company at Head Qrs. on Wednesday the 14th instant at 7-30 a.m. Dress, Uniform.

Recruits at Head Qrs. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 5-30 p.m. until further notice.

"G" Company (Sholapur) on Wednesday the 14th instant at 6-30 a.m.

512 Signallers.—Signallers will parade at Head Qrs. on Fridays at 5-30 p.m. until further notice.

513 Buglers.—There will be bugle practice at Head Qrs. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5-30 p.m. until further orders.

There are still a few vacancies for buglers. Members wishing to join should send in their names to the Adjutant at once.

514 Range.—The Musketry Range at Poona will be open for practice and Class firing at 7-30 a.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays until further orders, commencing from Saturday 17th instant. Members wishing to fire should submit their names to Head quarter office two days beforehand.

515 Clothing.—Field Service caps have now been received and may be obtained from the Stores on payment of Re. 1-4 each.

516 Drill and Instruction.—Officers, N. C. Os. and Volunteers who are desirous of undergoing a course of instruction in Physical training should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

517 Meeting.—A meeting of the members of the Corps will be held at Head Qrs. on Friday the 16th instant at 6-30 p.m.

Subjects for discussion.

1. The formation of a Miniature Rifle Club.
2. The formation of a Sub Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association for the Corps.

518 Active Service.—Volunteers are required to proceed on service as reinforcements to Volunteer Maxim Gun Company, those desirous of joining for this purpose should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.

(Signed) A. R. KEARSEY 2/Lieut.,
Adjutant Poona Vol. Rifles.

STRING BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, this evening, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March—"Viva el Torero" ..... Popy
Overture—"Lyre D'or" ..... Herman
Valse—"Contemplation" ..... Kandt
Selection—"Il Travatore" ..... Verdi
Serenata—"Zingara" (op: 53) ..... Parlow
Melodies from the Revue—"The Passing Show 1915" ..... Finck
Two-Step—"The Moon and the Coon" ..... Serpiere.

HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. S. S. Kashmir which left Bombay on the 16th ultimo, arrived in London on Saturday, the 10th instant. All well.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION.

All restrictions regarding the acceptance of private telegrams addressed to the Szechurn province of China have now been removed.

YOUNG LADIES' HIGH SCHOOL.

All the five candidates that appeared at the last Matriculation Examination from this school have creditably passed the test.

BURNT BY BURSTING OF A PRIMUS STOVE

While a Mahomedan, Shaik Lal Haji Ismail, was repairing a large Primus stove in the George V Cotton Factory on the Lamington Road, it accidentally burst. Ismail's clothes caught fire and he was burnt all over the body. Another man who was helping him was also burnt. They were taken to the J. J. Hospital where Ismail has been detained for treatment, and the other man allowed to go.

TRAM AND MOTOR CYCLE COLLISION.

Mr. J. F. Cook, Carriage Examiner of G. I. P. Railway who was riding on a motor cycle on the Bhendy Bazar Road on Monday morning swerved his machine a little to avoid running over a man, when he came in contact with the cow-catcher of a tram and his machine was smashed completely. The rider, however, escaped with a few abrasions. The man whom he was trying to avoid was also knocked down by the tram car, and sustained some injuries. He is police sepoy No. 2638B and was then in plain clothes.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Five attacks and five deaths from plague and three attacks and one death from small-pox occurred in the city on Monday. An attack and a death each from plague was reported from Sion, Parel, Bhuleshwar and Umarkhady, an attack from Mandvi and a death from Esplanade. There were no cases of cholera. The total mortality from all causes was 52, as compared with 71 of the corresponding day of last year and 96 of 1914. The total number of rats caught was 1731, out of which 22 were found to be plague-stricken.

MATHEMATICS AND SANSKRIT CLASSES.

Classes for coaching students preparing for the Matriculation and School Final Examinations are open by Mr. Jain Master in the Pattni Building, Princess Street, Kalbadevi, where Mathematics and Sanskrit are taught by up-country under-graduates who have acquired a thorough knowledge of and distinction in these subjects. The teachers claim to teach these subjects in a manner that would creat in the students such an interest in their studies as not to find them so dry as they believe them to be. A system hitherto unknown for coaching in mathematics has been adopted and success is guaranteed to students with application. The special feature of the Sanskrit Class is the easy and practical teaching of grammar otherwise usually dry and tedious. We draw the attention of our local readers to the hand-bills distributed with our to-day's issue for further particulars.

THE HEALTH OF BOMBAY IN MAY.

The vital statistics of the city of for the month of May last, published by the Municipal Health Department, show that though the population of the city fared considerably worse than in the corresponding month of last year, the conditions were not so bad as in the months of the immediately preceding quarter. The month saw a turning-point in the death-rate which had been steadily advancing since January last. The total number of deaths during the month was 2822, as compared with 2062 of the corresponding month of 1915. The mortality from the principal diseases was as follows:—Plague 2822 as against 2082 in May 1915; small-pox 346 against 131; respiratory diseases 857 against 579; malaria 15 against 9; tuberculosis 156 against 138; and infant mortality 727 against 537.

CONSCIENCE AT THE CONGREGATIONAL UNION.

"Many people, both within and without the Free Churches, will find it difficult to explain the attitude of the Congregational Union towards a moral question which rather specially concerns them," says the "Manchester Guardian."

"At the May assembly just ended an opportunity arose for the discussion of the position in the state of the conscientious objector against war and military service. Indeed, it seemed inevitable that the question would have to be faced and a declaration made upon it. But nothing happened. The largest religious body in England standing for the supremacy of conscience in citizenship declines at this crisis to declare itself or even to debate the issue.

"One eminent member—Dr. R. F. Hor-

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SHORT CAUSES.

MACHINERY SUPPLIERS' CLAIM.

(*Before Mr. Justice Kemp.*)

JOHN FREDRICK BRADBURY AND OTHERS Plaintiffs.

vs.

NUSSERVANJEE MANECKJEE MARSHALL Defendant.

This was a suit filed by Messrs. Bradbury Brady and Company against the defendant to recover Rs. 78,000 in respect of machinery and stores supplied to the defendant.

The plaintiff firm of Messrs Bradbury Brady and Company since dissolved, carried on business in Bombay of suppliers of machinery and stores.

At the time of the transactions mentioned in the suit, the defendant carried on business in Bombay under the name of Marshall and Company as electrical engineers, suppliers of electric fittings, mill furniture and mill store suppliers and used to order out through the plaintiffs various articles of machinery for his business.

In March 1908 the defendant was indebted to the plaintiffs in the sum of Rs. 46,647-14-9 and on 24th March 1908 the defendant, by way of securing the monies due mortgaged to the plaintiffs certain electrical plant machinery and stock-in-trade and a life policy on the defendants' life for Rs. 15,000 in the Gresham Life Insurance Society.

As a result of further dealings with the plaintiffs the defendant in Dec. 1911 became indebted to the plaintiffs in the sum of Rs. 86,644-1-5 and as further security executed a mortagage of a life policy of Rs. 20,000 and assigned to the plaintiffs the benefit of a contract the defendant had with the Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit Parsi General Hospital for electrical installation.

Subsequently it was agreed between the plaintiffs and the defendant that the plaintiffs should take over the defendant's stock-in-trade etc., at the valuation of Rs. 18,000; that the plaintiffs should receive from the Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit Hospital, the monies due to the defendant and retain Rs. 13,000 out of the same paying the balance to the defendant; that the accounts should be adjusted, and for the balance remaining due the defendant should pass a promissory note to the plaintiffs and that the plaintiffs should hold the two life policies as security for the same.

The accounts were adjusted and the balance found due to the plaintiff was Rs. 59,836-15-8 for which the defendant passed a promissory note.

The defendant had not paid the premium on the polices of insurance and the plaintiffs had been obliged to pay the same in order to preserve their security. The sum now due to the plaintiffs was Rs. 77,995-11-4 which they now sought to recover.

After the evidence of Mr. John Knowles one of the partners in the plaintiff firm had been taken his Lordship passed a decree in favour of the plaintiffs for the amount claimed with interest and costs.

With regard to the life-polices his Lordship ordered the polices to be surrendered and the monies realised thereby be appropriated towards the payment of the debt.

Mr. Muzumdar instructed by Messrs. Daphtary Ferrera and Devan appeared for the plaintiffs.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

PLOTS FOR SCHOOL PLAYGROUND.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees of the City Improvement Trust was held yesterday with the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr in the chair.

A letter from the Secretary to Government intimating the nomination of the Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas Mehta, as a Trustee on the Imporvement Trust, vice Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, resigned, was recorded.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Municipal Commissioner enquiring whether the Board of the Improvement Trust would reserve plot No. 8 on the Mandvi-Koliwada Estate for sale to the Municipality to be used as a playground for the Primary School situated on two adjoining plots, and it was resolved that the plot be sold to the Municipality at a cost of Rs. 80 per square yard and the Municipality was to share half the cost of the boundary wall with the lessee of the next plot. This offer was to be reserved till 1st July 1918.

RAINFALL IN INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 13.

The depression in Bengal moved very slowly and rain only as been heavy on the eastern side. Elsewhere apart from Malabar the monsoon has in general given less rain.

Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Malabar; local in Assam, Bihar, west of the United Provinces, Central India, the Central Provinces, Konkan, Mysore, South-east Madras and the Madras Deccan. A few falls also occurred in Upper Burma, east and north Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, east Rajputana, Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan, and the North Madras coast.

The principal amounts are:—Diamond Island and Akyab five inches; Tavoy four, Victoria Point three; Mergui two; Moulmein, Bassein and Kyaukpyu one; Cherrapunji two; Cox's Bazar five; Chittagong, Barisal, Calcutta, Berhampore and Darjeeling three; Jessore two; Saugor Island one and a half; Burdwan, Naya Dumka and Roorkee one; Jhansi and Agra a half; Kotah three-quarters; Mangalore and Calicut three; and Cochin two.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in Bihar and Chota Nagpur and decrease on the Arakan coast.

SECUNDRABAD, June 13.

The monsoon has burst here with considerable vigour.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 13th June 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to 13th. 1915.	1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.03	14.52	0.00	0.41
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	0.32	12.67	0.00	0.27
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital] .	0.36	12.43	0.00	0.29
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.34	12.73	0.00	0.48

DADA V. NANABHOY.

APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER.

MAGISTRATE'S REPORT.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, arguments were heard in the notice matter in which Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada was, at the instance of Nanabhoy Cowasji Engineer, called upon to show cause why the case in which he charged Nanabhoy with criminal misappropriation and criminal breach of trust in respect of two "hundis," should not be transferred from the Court of the Third Presidency Magistrate to any other Court.

Mr. J. D. Davar with Mr. Nariman of Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji and Dinshaw, and Mr. Mangaldas Mehta, appeared for Dada, while Mr. S. G. Velinker with Mr. Rustomji Bharucha of Messrs. Jamshedji, Rustomji and Devidas, and Mr. P. K. Kotwal appeared for Engineer.

At the outset the Magistrate read out Mr. Khairaz's report in the matter. The latter in the course of this report said: "The fact is that the accused in his affidavit is now endeavouring to confuse the statement made by the complainant with the suggestion made through his counsel. After intimating to counsel that I accepted his assurance, I was acting on the supposition that the alleged statement was actually made by the complainant. I take no exception to the statement itself, but to the meaning put upon it by the counsel, whereby he attributed partiality to me. I assured counsel that if it were shown to me that the complainant expected any favour from me and for this reason he delayed filing the complaint, I certainly would not try the case. On the 6th instant when counsel for the accused without applying for postponement in order to enable him to make an application for transfer proposed to proceed with the case, I felt it my duty to express my disapprobation of what had transpired on the 2nd instant. But I may state that I was at no time, nor am I now, prejudiced against the accused."

MR. DAVAR'S ARGUMENTS.

Mr. Davar, addressing the Court, said that when Dada presented his information the Third Presidency Magistrate said he was not prepared to issue process because among other things the incident had occurred about six years ago. The notice was, however, subsequently converted into a summons on Mr. Velinker saying his client wanted the fullest enquiry to be made. This showed what confidence they then had in the Magistrate. The facts, dates and circumstances were against Dada making the statement imputed to him. But even supposing that he made a statement, Counsel for the accused should have got up there and then and stated that the statement suggested a bias in the mind of the Third Presidency Magistrate and on that ground he could have applied for a transfer. But nothing of the kind was done.

COMPLAINANT'S PRIVILEGE.

It was the privilege of a complainant to select his forum and it could not act as a ground for transfer because an accused felt that a complainant had chosen a Magistrate other than the one he would have selected. This was a frivolous ground and the administration of justice would be reduced to a farce if that ground were allowed to prevail. As to the Magistrate saying that it was his intention to frame charges, that came as a surprise to Mr. Velinker, who had expected that the Magistrate would wait until the cross-examination was over. But Mr. Davar submitted the Magistrate could frame charges at any time after a *prima facie* case was made out. The Magistrate intimated that it was his intention to frame charges and asked the defence to be ready with a statement on the next occasion. This meant that the charges were to be framed after the cross-examination was over. The Magistrate asked the defence to be ready with a statement on the next occasion, only in order to save time.

"LAST REFUGE OF THE DESTITUTE."

This application for a transfer was the last refuge of the destitute. Mr. Velinker had said that the complainant had made a statement that he had waited for five or six days before the Magistrate's turn to receive applications, and yet, according to Mr. Velinker, the Magistrate went on with the case. This was the sting in the thing which the Magistrate rightly resented, and when Mr. Velinker knew that he could not get over the language he said the suggestion had been made not by the defence but by the complainant himself. It might have been or might not have been made by the complainant but, Mr. Davar asked, should Mr. Velinker have harped upon it after twelve hearings of the case? The Magistrate had said the suggestion was despicable and Mr. Davar said it was so.

CRUX OF THE APPLICATION.

Why, Mr. Davar asked, did the defence wait for twelve days before asking the Magistrate to express his disapproval of the complainant's conduct, by transferring the case to the sessions? This was the crux of the application. The Magistrate was willing to take Mr. Velinker's word regarding the question as to whether Dada had made the statement or not, but Mr. Velinker was bent upon jumping into the witness box in company with Mr. Kotwal, with the ostensible object of making the Magistrate say "I am wrong and you are right." The next day the accused still thought that the Magistrate was biassed although the latter gave him an assurance. It showed the accused's state of mind, which would not be satisfied on any account. The Magistrate gave the defence great latitude in cross-examination although a large part of it was irrelevant and yet the defence said that the Magistrate was biassed against them. As to the "angry tone" of the Magistrate's remarks, Mr. Davar said that Mr. Velinker said that the complainant made the statement and yet the Magistrate went on with the trial and his client apprehended that he would not get a fair trial. Patience had its limits and the Magistrate rightly said that it was a despicable suggestion. When he found that the suggestion was not in consonance with good taste, Mr. Velinker said it was not made by the defence but by the complainant. But Mr. Davar submitted the complainant had never made the suggestion. As to the alleged statement what did Dada say in his affidavit? He said this application was not a *bona fide* one but was a dishonest one made with a view to tire him out. The draft of the information was received by him on the 24th March and it was presented on the 7th April. He said it could not be presented earlier because he had accompanied his family to Deolali and had also been engaged in attending to some ceremonies for his dead cousin. He further said he had not made the alleged statement that he waited for five or six days for the Magistrate's turn to receive applications. He could not have said that he presented it four or five days after he had signed it; because he signed it in Court. Mr. Davar said if anybody could have asked for a transfer it was his client, who was fined many times by the Magistrate in Municipal cases. In conclusion Mr. Davar said there never existed any grounds which caused or might have caused a reasonable apprehension in the mind of the accused that he was not going to get a fair trial.

Mr. Velinker said that after reading the Magistrate's report he thought the reasons for a transfer were emphasised and accentuated by it.

The further hearing was adjourned.

RAILWAY FATALITIES AT MATUNGA.

RESIDENTS' REPRESENTATION.

The fatality at Matunga station on the 4th instant, when a passenger in trying to cross the rails was knocked down and killed by a passing engine, has led the Matunga Residents' Association to address a letter to the General Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. Railway drawing attention once more to the dangers which the Company allows passengers to risk by not strictly preventing them from trespassing over the lines: There are people, especially of the illiterate class, to whom the temptation to take a short-cut by crossing the lines forms too strong, with the consequence that regrettable fatalities like that reported sometimes occur. At Matunga station, however, owing to the want of supervision and to the absence of proper fencing, tragedies of the type mentioned have been becoming frequent of late and no less than six lives are stated to have been lost during last two or three months. In the opinion of the Matunga Association, the putting of a high fencing along the eastern boundary would do away with all temptation to cross the lines. It is really surprising that the Railway Company should have remained so long apathetic in the matter. It is to be hoped the present representation of Matunga residents will induce the authorities to put up the fencing without further procrastination.

INSANITARY ROADS.

MATUNGA RESIDENTS' APPEAL.

In a letter addressed to the President and Members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation Mr. J. G. Nensey, Hon. Joint Secretary of the Matunga Residents' Association, draws attention to the insanitary condition of some of the roads in Matunga and the continued neglect of the same by the Bombay Municipal authorities. Representations have been made by the Association from time to time since 1912 to the Corporation. In reply to a representation the Municipal Commissioner wrote on 4th August, 1913, that with regard to the two passages running north and south action under section 305 of the Municipal Act could not be taken until the question of providing sewers and drains in the north of the Island had been determined by the Corporation. Later on, the Commissioner said that "the work of building roads by the City Improvement Trust has not advanced so far as to enable the Municipality to determine upon the levels to which the passages in question can be brought." On 12th December, 1913, the Association pointed out that the roads of the Improvement Trust, one ending at Matunga Station G. I. P. and the other ending at the new level crossing across the proposed Lady Hardinge Road, had been completed and that the gradients and levels between the two roads could be easily ascertained and that the said two passages were between the two Roads. To this representation no reply, was sent except a formal acknowledgment dated 6th April, 1914, although a number of reminders and letters were sent. Subsequently on the motion of Mr. S. S. Batliwalla a resolution was passed by the Corporation asking for a report from the Municipal Commissioner whether it would be advisable to take action under section 305. "It is strange," writes Mr. Nensey, "after so many years waiting, the question whether it is advisable to take action should be discussed. The delay that has taken place is really tantalizing. One difficulty after another has been raised, and when that has been solved, the primary question is raised as to whether it is advisable. My Committee thinks that action under section 305 is not only advisable but imperative."

STAGE AND PEERAGE ROMANCE.

We are informed, says the "Daily Chronicle," that a marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Miss Peggy Rush, the beautiful young actress, and the Hon. George St. John Brodrick, eldest son of Viscount Midleton and heir to his peerage. Miss Rush, who has been appearing in "Q's" play, "The Mayor of Troy Town," at the Haymarket, in view of her approaching marriage, has decided to leave the stage. The Hon. George Brodrick, who is now a lieutenant in the Surrey Yeomanry, is twenty-eight years old.

THE SAMSON CASE.

LAND MANAGER'S EVIDENCE.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon the hearing was resumed yesterday of the case brought by Mr. C. M. Correra, Secretary of the Improvement Trust, against D. J. Samson, an Assistant Land Manager in the Trust.

Mr. E. Forrers Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, prosecuted, and Mr. S. G. Velinker with Mr. D. S. Erulker and Mr. P. K. Kotwal appeared for the accused

Mr. Manakji Sheriarji Barucha, Land Manager and head of the Land Acquisition Department of the Improvement Trust, said in reply to Mr. Velinker: The accused was his assistant since 1903 and was working under him. He got only one promotion under the present Chairman of the Trust in 1913. The valuation work was a very responsible work and it decidedly required honesty, because even a five per cent. difference in the rent materially increased or decreased the valuation of the property to be acquired. Such an increase or decrease was not easily detected. The accused had valued about 900 properties costing about 1½ crores of rupees. He had opportunities of being dishonest, if he liked. The accused had always been zealous in the interests of the Trust and was perfectly honest. No complaints were received against him, whether oral or written. In 1910 rent-collection was transferred to the witness' department. He then asked Mr. Samson to help him generally in the rent-collection work of the Nowroji Hill estate, where the vadas of the dalwallas were situated. Witness let out the plots personally and fixed the period of lessees. He also fixed rents, issued notices for the vacation and filed ejectment suits. Not without his permission could the accused withdraw a notice of vacation once given. No dalwallas ever complained to the witness about the accused demanding money. When giving leases to the dalwallas witness used to consult the accused. He tried to exact the best terms for the Trust from these dalwallas. The accused did not attempt to get easier terms for Devraj Khimji, Shamji Keshowji or Lalji Dharsey.

Continuing the witness said the rents were increased because there was a great demand for their godowns. During the accused's time the rents of the dalwallas were increased by about 47 per cent. The dalwallas wanted leases for longer periods at lower rents, but they were not granted their request.

DALWALLAS INTERVIEW THE CHAIRMAN.

Some of the dalwallas who had complained were asked by the Chairman of the Trust to meet him on the 14th August. Witness accompanied him. A crowd of dalwallas was present. Witness translated what the dalwallas were speaking freely to the Chairman. The discussion was about the increase of the rents The conversation turned on the accused's actions. The accused was present at the time. They said the accused was a shrewd man, a "Marwadi," knew the secrets of the rents, and enhanced them. The dalwallas considered the accused to be the author of the increase in rents. After the interview witness went away with the accused. The accused told him the dalwallas were a "bad lot" and if they combined they would do him an injury. The dalwallas in their conversation affected jocularity but really they were bitter. He had received five notices in January, 1914, from Messrs. Pandia and Company on behalf of various dalwallas.

In 1914 blasting operations were going on near the dalwallas' vadas and he was informed by Mr. Baria that the servants of the dalwallas would not leave their sheds, and this interfered with the work. The witness therefore decided to give notices to these dalwallas. He did so without consulting the accused. As the tenants did not vacate, the rent-collector filed an ejectment suit form and sent it on to the witness who initialled it and sent it to the Court clerk. He gave instructions to the Court clerk. The accused had nothing to do with it. It did not appear from the accused's conduct that he was trying to get favours for any dalwallas. Unless there are special reasons tenants of the Trust are not asked to vacate in the monsoon. The accused sat in witness' room but there was a partition and door, and he could hear the accused speaking with any one. The accused had told him that he would rather be prosecuted than dismissed.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nicholson, Mr. Bharucha said he had not told anybody before that this prosecution was brought about at the accused's request. To his knowledge the statement of the accused, that had it not been for his (accused's) request this prosecution would not have been launched, was not true. From his knowledge of the records of the Trust he could not say the prosecution was due to quite a different cause.

At this stage the case was adjourned to the 29th instant.

The Karachi Electric Supply Corporation Ltd., have declared a dividend at the rate of five per cent. per annum as the result of the first complete year's working. It was announced that the directors propose to raise a further two lakhs of capital at an early date.

THEFT, ROBBERY, AND BURGLARY

can be avoided by using

THE SAFE DEPOSIT,

HOME STREET.

COMMERCIAL **FIAT** VEHICLES

THE USER TESTIFIES:

The Lorries are doing excellent work and have already done some FIFTEEN THOUSAND ODD MILES with practically NO trouble. They are splendid machines and quite the BEST LORRIES I have had UNDER my charge.

* * *

We have other makes of Cars here now, but the results are just the same FIATS FIRST EVERY TIME

After Severe Work

On Indifferent Roads.

Early deliveries of 1½ & 3½ Ton Vehicles.

SOLE AGENTS:

Bombay Motor Car Co., Ltd.,

Elphinstone Circle and Apollo Bunder, BOMBAY.

INSURE

YOUR EFFECTS AGAINST FIRE & THEFT AND YOUR VALUABLES AGAINST ALL RISKS WITH THE

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, Ltd.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

12-14, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

MANAGER FOR INDIA, G. M. ROSE.

Nearly all Classes of Insurance Transacted.

ENJOY MY CO-OPERATION.

Will cheerfully undertake market investigation on behalf of enthusiastic, ambitious manufacturer or merchant and suggest good, practical ideas for BIGGER—BETTER—BUSINESS. Advts. also built or repaired.

R. V. KAIKINI, Sales Scout,

8774 Hamilton Road, Delhi.

ASIATIC BALM

BEAR BRAND

Kills Sleeplessness. Get your supply to-day Sold all over.

Prices As. 8 and As. 12.

H. I. DIXON & CO., LTD.

DIXON'S ENGINEERING WORKS,

Mazagon Road, Bombay.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Constructional and General Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Coppersmiths, and Plumbers, Ship Repairers.

JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers, 17-18, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

Telegrams: NOXID, Bombay. Works Telephone No. 2154

Reg. Office Tel. No. 786.

WATERPROOF COATS

We have just unpacked A LARGE STOCK OF

ABBOTT'S

and other well-known Makers'

WATERPROOFS

FOR THE SEASON 1916.

Also

Leather Suit Cases, Trunks, Kit and Gladstone Bags, Handbags, etc., etc.

A trial is respectfully solicited.

Tyebbhoy Shaikh Hassonally,

Shop No. 1, Arcade Footpath, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

"SCANDINAVIA"

COTTON BELTING

STRONGER AND CHEAPER THAN LEATHER.

BOMBAY TRADING CO.

FYDOWNIE, BOMBAY.

NICHOLSON, DENTIST

(FROM LONDON HOSPITAL)

OPPOSITE COOK'S BUILDINGS,

41, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

	Page.
LEADING ARTICLE.	
The Imperial Council Elections.....	6
The Freedom of the Press	6
NOTES OF THE DAY	6
FOREIGN NEWS.	
War Telegrams	7
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL	
Cricket Fixtures	4
Electrocution of a Municipal Sweeper	8
Casualty List	8
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	5
GENERAL NEWS.	
Lord Kitchener	7 & 8
Government and "New India"	8
LEGAL INTELLIGENCE	5
COMMERCIAL	4
SHIPPING	3
THE WEATHER	3

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Wednesday, June 14, 1916.

THE IMPERIAL COUNCIL ELECTION.

On Tuesday next the non-official members of the Bombay Legislative Council will be called upon to elect two representatives to the Imperial Council. The task will be one of some delicacy, having regard to the personalities of the three candidates who may be said to be in the running and the esteem in which they are held. The fourth candidate, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, is as yet young politically and is probably merely taking a preliminary canter. During the time he has been in public life he has shown himself to be a conscientious, eager and discriminating protector of the public interest and an energetic progressist and reformer. But he is much junior to his present opponents and can afford to wait. As regards the others, two of them are the sitting members, and their record and the position they hold in public life is such that under ordinary circumstances there could be no doubt as to their return. But the issue is complicated by the entry of the veteran Mr. Wacha into the arena, and the electors may well feel themselves to be in somewhat of a dilemma, when considering the formidable conflicting claims of three such notable opponents. On the one hand they have two members who have already sat in the Imperial Council and done good work, and on the other there is the question as to whether a man of such veteran distinction in the public life of the country, one who has given to it nearly forty years of valuable and fearless service, and whose authority in finance and economics is undisputed, ought to be refused the opportunity, which he now seeks, to take his place in the highest council of the State.

There are many who think that Mr. Wacha should have been sent to the Imperial Council long before this, but circumstances into which it is needless to enter now have stood in his way. It would be undoubtedly a matter of solid gratification to the country at large were he enabled, even thus late in the day, to assist with his unrivalled knowledge of the financial and economic problems of the empire in the deliberations of the supreme council. Mr. Wacha though a veteran in politics has never lost the freshness and vigour nor the courage and independence of youth, and he would bring to the discussions on the Budget and other questions of high importance a mind ripe in experience, of tried ability and stimulated by the extraordinary energy and enthusiasm of which age does not seem to be able to rob him. On the other hand, we have heard it urged that his departure to the Imperial Council would be an unfortunate loss to the Provincial Council to which he was so recently elected by the Bombay Corporation. These are days when the Corporation, whose independence there is a deliberate attempt to undermine and sap badly needs a stout and experienced champion in the Provincial legislature. For many years, in fact since it was finally forged under the dominating leadership of the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, the constitution of the Corporation has remained unassailed. But since his death the forces of reaction have grown bold, and in this very coming session an insidious attempt is to be made, under the auspices of Government and in the face of popular dissent, to give increased power and influence to the executive. It may well be felt that none is so fitted as Mr. Wacha,—not less concerned for its integrity and independence, not less bold in its defence and not less well-equipped for the fight than his lamented colleague and leader,—to fight the coming battle for the independence of the Corporation. But since Mr. Wacha has himself chosen to seek another sphere of utility we have no desire to enlarge further on that aspect of the problem that faces the non-official members of the Council in the coming election. It will be for them to decide whether they think it more important to keep him among them or to send him as their representative to the Imperial Council. Their decision in either event will do honour to them and honour to him.

The sitting members who are again seeking the suffrages of the electors are Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoola and Mr. C. H. Setalwad. Sir Ebrahim was returned at the election of 1913 and he has worthily fulfilled his responsibilities. The public owes much to him for the ability and persistence with which he has pressed forward questions affecting the industrial and economic progress of the country and he has always been a champion of popular interests. Incidentally, a question arises in connection with his candidature which, quite apart from the personal merits of himself or his competitors requires to be ventilated. It is hardly necessary to remind our readers that this journal has always set its face strongly against communal representation, and the inequitable way in which such special treatment of the Mahomedan community works is vividly illustrated by this election. The Mahomedan non-official members have the privilege of electing a representative of their own, the Jagirdars and Zemindars of Sind have a like privilege and being preponderatingly Mahomedan of course elect a Mahomedan; then comes in a Mahomedan candidate for the general electorate and all the Mahomedan non-official members vote for him, thus enabling him to start off with the substantial foundation of fourteen votes on which to build, with the aid of a little energetic canvassing, an almost certain preponderance over his opponents. The outcome of it is, supposing the assumption in regard to the voting of the Mahomedan members to be right, that the community which is given special representation for its protection as a minority, ends by getting a preponderating representation of three members out of five on the Imperial Council! We hope that the Mahomedan members will be public spirited enough to consider when they are voting the personal merits of the candidates and not the community to which they belong. There is another interesting possible result of the inequitable working in practice of separate electorates. If Mr. Wacha and Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoola are both elected, and Mr. Setalvad excluded, then the Hindus of the Presidency,—the overwhelming majority,—would be left without any representative at all! We are as we have said entirely against communal representation and indeed separate electorates of any kind, and we merely point out these anomalies as illustrating the undesirable results that their existence often brings about.

Mr. Setalvad was returned to the Imperial Council a year ago to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Gokhale, and thus has a comparatively brief record, but he has behind him a very long record of valuable service in the Provincial legislature, extending as far back, we believe, as the first reformed council under the Lansdowne scheme, in the Congress and in the public life of the Presidency and the country generally. In the Imperial Council he has so far shown himself to be a valuable representative. He is the sponsor of an important measure which is still on the legislative anvil, as to which he justifiably claims it is desirable that he should be able to see it through, and he is under a pledge to introduce a Bill for the extension of free primary education which will no doubt be an important desideratum with some of those whose suffrages he seeks. Whether he is returned again to the Imperial Council on the present occasion or not Mr. Setalvad is undoubtedly one of the coming leaders in the larger political life of the country, whose presence at Delhi or Simla will be of high benefit to this Presidency and to the whole Empire. We cannot pretend to be able, nor do we propose, to attempt to forecast the result of this very interesting election. We can only hope that the electors in whose hands the momentous issue lies will exercise the high duty committed to their hands as trustees of the public as their conscience directs them, and solely with a view to serving the public interest, apart from all personal or communal considerations.

THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

The other day we referred to some pertinent and sound observations in the "New Statesman" on the reactionary measures of the Coalition Government in respect of the liberty of the Press under the most specious and untenable pretexts. Some equally notable observations on the "Suppression of Public Opinion" appear in the columns of "The Nation" of 13th May last. The article begins with a sentence which is full of significance and pregnant with the vision of the seer. "It is a domestic tragedy of the war that the country which went out to defend liberty is losing its own liberties one by one, and that the Government that began by relying on public opinion as a great auxiliary has now come to fear and curtail it." Free England has almost forgotten the history which relates to the battle of Freedom,—how it was fought from sire to son till it was eventually won. For the past twenty years both the Unionist and the Liberal Governments have in turn insidiously usurped the powers and privileges of Parliament, so much so that this usurpation was the theme of denunciation long before the war in some of the virile and most independent papers whose love of liberty is as unsurpassed as is their love of country.

Parliamentary Government has been slowly undergoing a change since 1895, when the Unionist Ministry came into power with a sweeping majority; step by step it has been weakened. If the Coalition Ministry of the hour has gagged the British Press, it is only a logical sequence of the fact to which we have just alluded. In one breath they denounce the enemy and the cruel spirit in which he is keeping his people under his iron heel; in the next, they imitate the very method of the Teuton! They wage a bloody war with the sole object of establishing once more the liberty of the oppressed small States of Europe so ruthlessly looted by the enemy; and yet they are not slow in forging chain after chain to repress the freedom of their own people! Justly does Mr. Massingham say, that

"control has indeed long been established. It was set up in Parliament when the whole machinery of party life,—Tory, Liberal and Labour,—became official. It was applied to the Press under a censorship which never leaves it a day without advice or suggestion, or a veto on news, or a presentation of arranged and selected facts about the war. Behind these good offices lie, of course, the penalties of the law. These, again, have now been reinforced by the new Order in Council, which extends the area of prohibition to political comment. This was directly struck at in the early hours of the Irish rising, when all comment was forbidden."

It remains to be seen how far the various orders to gag the Press, under the pretext of war conditions which demand prudential silence for the safety of the country, will be cancelled on the conclusion of the war. But there is no doubt of their reflex influence on this country where a variety of press laws have sprung up during the last ten years and more, against which the majority of the people, always loyal and sober, have protested; but protested in vain. The Home Secretary, when recently questioned in the House on the subject of the new Council Order, replied that it did nothing new! It merely altered procedure! On this, "The Nation" bases this mordant parable. "It does. It can turn citizens into felons for offences that may be innocent of harm or intent, or are in the nature of public services." What is most felt by the thinking and independent section of the British Press is the iniquity of the suppression of even the discussion of peace terms in anticipation of that event, whenever it may be. "The Nation" asks, "in what position would this enforced silence leave the country? Some day the campaign will begin to slacken, and we shall enter the zone of negotiation. The Cabinet may then be willing to conclude peace on terms repugnant to public opinion, or may refuse terms which the country may deem adequate. In either case a wise Government can only be helped by knowledge of which the mass of the people think, or where the dividing lines of opinion rest. In other words, it will want opinion. But opinion is a plant of slow growth; it must be continually fostered and matured. Under a rigid censorship this ripeness of the public mind will be found wanting at the moment when the state of the country most requires it."

That is political sanity and sagacious statesmanship. Nobody can dispute the reasonableness of the plea. Let not "the approaches to peace find the nation ignorant, distracted, in the dark." That is the grave warning. Free England should speak out her free mind.

The "Nation" concludes:—

"There arises the essential weakness of our constitutional position under the rule of secrecy. Every critical organ of the State has been weakened by it. Parliament is almost dumb; and the Press is nervous and emasculated, by alternate coddling and threatening. That part of it which dares to be critical tends to run to fractiousness or to undue pessimism; but that is by no means the only evil. The British Press, like official journalism all over Europe, both in the Allied and in the belligerent camps, has something of 'the lie in its soul.' It knows that the truth is not told, and that it is forbidden to tell it; that there is a muzzle on the honest word, the sincere presentation of facts and tendencies."

It is a dozen times worse in this official-ridden country. Is it the fear of Government of such honest and well-meant criticism, that leads it to withhold its confidence from the nation? "The Nation" is of opinion that the Government should trust the people, appeal to them, and carry them with it under the impulse on which they went to war. "Our statesmen never gave that uprising its true value; and the result may be that when they want public opinion and appeal to it, it will not come to their aid."

Notes of the Day

Moralising of Munich Police President.

Much attention is being directed in the German Press to "The Golden Words of the Police President of Munich." It will be remembered that it was in the Bavarian capital that the police arrested a lady for appearing on the street in a costume which they regarded as extravagant and not in harmony with the seriousness of the times. It was said that the lady was liberated after she had consented to wipe the powder off her face and to don more sober apparel. But the Police President, Baron von Grundherr, is anxious to breathe a new spirit into the somewhat frivolous citizens, and convened recently a public meeting at which he recounted their shortcomings and their sins against the Fatherland. He began by reminding his vast audience that the home life of the people reacts with tremendous power on the troops at the front. "Is life in Munich," he asked, "the life that will help us to win?" He quoted a soldier on leave who said to him: "I cannot stop any longer in Munich. I cannot stand this dissipation in view of all that we are suffering at the front."

Rich Dissolutes.

"Soldiers at the frient," the Police President continued "die willingly for German simplicity and temperance, for German modesty and idealism but they do not die willingly for usurers and pleasure-seekers, for selfish, superficial men, and vain, coquettish women." He went on to speak of the musical cafés where, during the afternoon, dressed-up women, girls and young children sat, in pairs with immoral men, drinking and eating the best. At the other end of the city,

from 4,000 to 5,000 soldiers' wives daily and nightly, sometimes all through the night assembled and waited weary hours for a bit of meat or butter at prices which were intolerable. Patient, never grumbling, waiting six and eight hours, in all weathers insufficiently clothed, waiting until their turn came. There is always a remnant of from 400 to 500 who get nothing, but they turn home unmurmuringly."

The Baron further said there were rich families for whom the war did not seem to exist; rich dissolutes, thinking of nothing but their sport and pleasure. Outside Munich it is, he added, the same. Up in the Bavarian highlands he saw fashionable women whose dresses were an abomination.

It is so bad that on the door of a certain church he saw the notice, "Entrance to the church is only permitted to those who are not disreputably clad—that is to say, whose dresses are neither too wide nor too short." And the "Demon Alcohol" still does his fell work. There are crowds of Bavarians who still drink their eight or ten quarts of beer a day, and grudge a modest pint to the worker.

Women's Fashions.

At the close of his oration Baron Grundherr returned to the question of women's dress. "These women," he said,

"whom one sees every afternoon flaunting their finery in our streets are not worthy to be called German women. The name is too good, too honourable, for them. They are female Apaches who are permitted to parade in German cities to the burning indignation of all decent folk. Observe their flowing, extravagant puffed-out dresses, their high, stilt-like heels, the suggestive cut of their jackets, the display of neck and chest, the shameless paint on their faces, the straw-yellow dyed hair under a hat which fools used to wear at carnival. This is the German fashion in the second year of war."

German Tribute to a British Officer.

A remarkable German tribute to the heroism of a British officer is reported in the "Cologne Gazette." The paper says:—

A British officer in the Cologne Hospital was carried to his last resting-place. It was Captain Wilfrid Beckett Birt, of the East Surrey Regiment, who on the occasion of the attack in September had his thigh shattered and was taken prisoner. Since January he had been nursed in the Fortress Hospital in the Empress Augusta School. His chivalrous character and his conscientious impartiality made him respected and popular with his French and English fellow-sufferers and the German hospital staff. The great affection in which he was held by friend and foe alike was shown at his funeral. At the gates of the cemetery a number of soldiers of the 13th Regiment formed a guard of honour. In the name of the hospital staff Dr. Meyer expressed heartfelt sorrow, and after the closing hymn English and French shook hands with the clergy and the German officer.

In a letter to the family the hospital doctor wrote:

"Capt. Birt was greatly valued and beloved not only by his comrades but by the German doctors and the whole of the nursing staff."

Overcrowded Jails.

The other day a Government Resolution gave evidence of the deplorable effects of overcrowding in Bengal jails. The latest report on the administration of jails in the Punjab shows that a similar, if not worse, state of things exists in that province. The number of prisoners admitted afresh rose by 10,000 and the average daily population by the extraordinary figure of 2,000. The existing jails can accommodate 15,000 prisoners but as 2,000 more had to be accommodated, considerable overcrowding must have occurred the evil effects of which need not be mentioned. The necessity for extending jail buildings is thus apparent, a fact which, as a Punjab contemporary pathetically remarks is a most unfortunate comment on the moral and material progress of the country.

Control of Eating Houses.

The control of eating houses and the adoption of steps calculated to prevent them from becoming sources of danger to public health constitute one of the most pressing problems of modern municipal administration. In reply to a question at a recent meeting of the Calcutta Corporation, certain interesting information regarding improvements effected in eating houses in the city was given. These improvements consisted of general repairs and lime washing, cement plastering the floors, providing suitable drainage arrangements and proper receptacles for protecting the foodstuffs from contamination. At the suggestion of the Administrative Report Review Committee, attention has it is stated recently been directed to improvements of "chulas" or fire-places to prevent nuisance from dust and ashes. In addition, the Commissioner of Police is reported to be co-operating with the Health Department by refusing licenses to eating houses which are in insanitary condition. The total number of eating houses improved during the year was 197.

Official and Personal.

H. H. the Maharaja, Scindhia of Gwalior has arrived in Bombay and is staying in his bungalow on the Hornby Vellard.

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY FOUNDATION DAY.

CELEBRATION OF ANNIVERSARY AT POONA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, June 13.

In connection with the anniversary of the Foundation Day of the Servants of India Society, which fell on the 12th instant, all the members have assembled in the annual session at the Society's central home at Poona. Mr. Gandhi has specially come down to Poona for the occasion. The members discussed several important subjects during their stay in the headquarters and had their lines of work settled. Three new members were admitted on the anniversary day, these being Rao Bahadur Narayanrao Kelkar of Balaghat, a leading Pleader in the Central Provinces; and an elected member of the Central Provinces Legislative Council, Mr. Indulal Yajnik High Court Pleader, Bombay; and Mr. K. M. Thakore. Reports of the activities undertaken by the different branches of the Society during the last year were also, as usual, submitted by their respective senior members. The President of the Society, the Hon. Mr. Sastriar leaves to-night for Madras, his stay here being cut short owing to several important matters requiring his presence at Madras.

EXCEPT BY A MORAL REVOLUTION.

"We cannot and do not look forward to the abolition of force in the world," says the "Westminster Gazette," "but we hope for such an organisation of force that it will be at the service of the peaceful nations against those who refuse to submit their quarrels to conference or arbitration.

"That, we realise, is not to be achieved permanently except by a moral revolution. Sooner or later the horrors of these times must lead to a revulsion of human feeling, or civilisation will go down in a welter of savagery. Even our enemy must begin to see that."

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIANS MAKING GOOD.

CZERNOWITZ THREATENED.

HELLISH FIGHTING AT VERDUN.

POSSIBLE GERMAN OFFENSIVE AGAINST YPRES.

All despatches increase the significance of the Russian advance. It is believed the Austrian and German Armies have been separated, and Czernowitz is so closely threatened, that the Austrians are hastily retreating, blowing up bridges and supplies. A later telegram says that the Russians have approached the suburbs of Czernowitz.

The prisoners captured by the Russians now total 114,000.

It is stated in Vienna that General Brusiloff has a million and a half men.

The Germans attempted to create a diversion by taking the offensive in the north, but were repulsed everywhere.

A semi-official statement says that Monday's fighting at Verdun was hellish. Desperate attacks throughout the day by 30,000 Germans at Thiaumont merely resulted in the enemy forces being placed *hors de combat* for considerable time.

It is reported that the Germans are concentrating troops and material at various places in Belgium for an offensive against Ypres.

It is considered that the political crisis in Italy is due to the desire to render Italy's participation in the war more effective and her union with the Allies closer still. The latest prospects are that a very strong Coalition Cabinet will be formed.

A Rome communiqué reports Italian progress at Vallarsa, south-west of Asigo and in the Sugana Valley.

Mr. Lloyd George's proposals for the settlement of the Irish Home Rule question have been published.

Mr. Asquith will address his constituents at Ladybank to-day. He is expected to deal with most important topics including the war situation and Ireland.

The feeling is growing in America that there will be a straight fight between Judge Hughes and Dr. Wilson for the Presidency.

RUSSIANS THREATEN CZERNOWITZ

AUSTRIANS IN FULL RETREAT.

RUSSIANS THREATINING CZERNOWITZ.

AUSTRO-GERMAN ARMIES DIVIDED.

AUSTRIANS HASTILY RETREATING

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, June 12.

The Russians have captured the village of Demidovka, twenty-seven miles south of Lutzk and twenty miles westward of Dubno. The Russians here occupy the so-called Dubno Gardens which are really forests. They form a kind of natural fortress surrounded by marshes.

General Lechitsky, who commands in Bukhovina, is sixty years old. Nearly all his military service has been with the Siberians and he served with distinction in the war with Japan.

All despatches increase the significance of the Russian advance. There is reason to believe that they have succeeded in separating the Austrian and German armies and are now so closely threatening Czernowitz, that the Austrians are hastily retreating, blowing up bridges and supplies. Numerous explosions have been heard.

The Russians are attacking the important bridgehead of Zaleschyki, forty miles north-north-west of Czernowitz.

NEARING CZERNOWITZ.

DESPERATE FIGHTING CONTINUES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, June 12.

The communiqué confirms Reuter's earlier telegram regarding the approach to Czernowitz. It adds that prisoners now total 114,000.

At Gliadki, northward of Tarnopol six furious attacks by the enemy were repulsed. Northward of Buczacz, the Austrians assisted by German reinforcements made a desperate resistance and forced the Russians to give a little ground. Desperate fighting continues.

The feature of the communiqué is, German attempts to create a diversion by offensive in Riga, Jacobstadt, Lake Wrieviaty and the Krevo regions, which were everywhere speedily repulsed except at Kochany, south of Krevo, where the enemy penetrated the wood, but was afterwards driven out of the greater part of it.

RUSSIANS OCCUPY SUBURBS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, June 12.

It is officially announced that the Russians have approached the suburbs of Czernowitz.

DEFENCES OF LUTZK.

LAST WORD IN MILITARY SCIENCE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, June 13.

A correspondent at the front describes the defences of Lutzk as the last word in military science. The town was surrounded by nineteen rows of entanglements. The order to attack was given on Wednesday at dawn and the issue hung in balance till noon when the Russians breached the enemy's positions near the village of Podgauzy.

MILITARY EXPERTS' CAUTION.

EXCESSIVE ANTICIPATIONS DEPRECATED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, June 13.

The military experts while dwelling on the marvellous success of the magnificent Russian effort, deprecate excessive anticipations pending further developments.

It is noteworthy that General Hindenburg has begun a move in the north which has long been prepared, though it is believed that his forces have been considerably depleted for Verdun, while the German naval losses militate against a great combined attack by land and sea which is believed to have been planned.

GENERAL BRUSILOFF'S FIGHTING FORCE.

A MILLION AND A HALF MEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, June 12.

It is stated in Vienna that General Brusiloff has a million and half men.

IMPORTANT SPEECH BY MR. ASQUITH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 13.

Mr. Asquith will address his constituents at Ladybank on the 14th June. He is expected to deal with most important topics including the war situation and Ireland.

"HELLISH" FIGHTNIG AT VERDUN.

DESPERATE ATTACKS SMASHED

ENEMY PLACED HORS DE COMBAT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PARIS, June 13.

A semi-official statement says that yesterday's fighting at Verdun was hellish.

Desperate attacks throughout the day by 30,000 Germans at Thiaumont merely resulted in the enemy forces being placed *hors de combat* for considerable time.

FIGHTING WEST OF FORT VAUX.

GERMAN ATTACK COMPLETELY REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, June 12.

The communiqué records the complete repulse of the German attack west of Fort Vaux.

NORTH OF THIAUMONT.

SUCCESSIVE ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, June 13.

Last night's communiqué said, after a strong artillery preparation the enemy throughout the day delivered successive attacks with great forces against our positions north of Thiaumont. Our curtain of infantry fire everywhere repulsed the enemy, who suffered the heaviest losses.

The bombardment extended over the whole region west and south of Fort Vaux.

An artillery duel occurred in the region north of Chattancourt, but there was no infantry action.

GENL. HAIG'S OPERATIONS.

ARTILLERY AND MINING WORK.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 13.

General Haig in a communiqué reports that there was no infantry action during the day. Operations were confined to artillery and mining work.

There was heavy mutual bombardment between Hill 60 and Hooge. We heavily and effectively bombarded hostile works south of Loos.

GERMANS PLAYING ALLIES' GAME.

EXTRAORDINARY INITIATIVE SHOWN BY CANADIANS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, June 12.

Reuter's representative at Headquarters pays a tribute to the extraordinary initiative shown by the Canadians at Ypres; counter-attacks never paused for lack of leadership.

German losses have been very high. The correspondent says that by taking the offensive they are really playing our game.

GERMAN CONCENTRATION IN BELGIUM.

PREPARING FOR OFFENSIVE AGAINST YPRES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
AMSTERDAM, June 12.

It is reported that the Germans are concentrating troops and material at various places in Belgium for an offensive against Ypres.

HUGE CONFLAGRATION AT SAN FRANCISCO.

SEVERAL JETTIES DESTROYED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, June 13.

A private cablegram was received in Calcutta to-day reporting a serious fire at the docks and jetties of San Francisco.

The conflagration seems to have spread for some distance along the quay, and several jetties and a number of warehouses have been destroyed.

Three vessels from the East had unloaded their cargoes of gunnies and jute bales and it is reported that these shipments with a vast quantity of other merchandise stand as an almost total loss to the insurance companies.

The Rangoon Bar Library Association has sent a cablegram and memorial to the Secretary of State protesting against the introduction in the India Consolidation Bill before the House of Lords of provisions enabling Acts to be passed barring suits against the Secretary of State.

ITALY'S DESIRE.

CLOSER UNION WITH ALLIES WANTED.

STRONG COALITION CABINET WILL BE FORMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, June 12.

All parties emphasise that the crisis is solely due to the desire to render Italy's participation in the war more effective and her union with the Allies closer in all fields. The latest prospects are that a very strong Coalition Cabinet will be formed composed of all the most prominent statesmen.

ITALIAN PROGRESS.

TWO ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, June 13.

The communiqué shows that the Italians have made progress at Vallarsa despite violent artillery fire and snowstorms, also south-west of Asiago in the direction of Montecengio and in the Sugana Valley.

Two enemy counter-attacks in the Fornialti and Campiglia regions were repulsed with the heaviest losses.

ADMIRAL JELLICOE'S MESSAGE TO FLEET.

PROUDER THAN EVER OF HIS COMMAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 12.

Admiral Jellicoe has sent a message to the Fleet expressing very high appreciation of the manner in which the ships were fought on 31st May. He says:—

"Full information is not yet available, but sufficient is already known to enable me to state that the glorious traditions handed down to us by generations of gallant seamen were most worthily upheld.

"Highly unfavourable weather conditions robbed the fleet of the complete victory expected by all ranks. Our losses were heavy and we miss many most gallant comrades, but although it is very difficult to get accurate information of the enemy's losses, they were certainly not less than our own. Sufficient information has been received to enable me to say that with confidence.

I hope to give the Fleet fuller information on that point shortly, but I do not wish to delay the expression of my keen appreciation of the work of the Fleet and my confidence in a further complete victory.

"The wonderful spirit and fortitude of the wounded have filled me with the greatest admiration and I am prouder than ever to have the honour of commanding a Fleet manned by such officers and men."

PATRIOTISM OF LONG SERVICE ADMIRALS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, June 12.

An unique tribute is paid by the Admiralty to the patriotism of Admirals Sir George Egerton, Sir Frederick Inglefield and Sir Arthur Farquhar, who have retired voluntarily in order to allow promotion of younger officers.

Vice-Admirals Sir Frederick Hamilton, Sir Cecil Burney and Sir Alexander Bethell have been promoted Admirals.

PARIS ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

BRITISH DELEGATES ARRIVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, June 13.

Lord Crewe, Mr. Bonar Law and Mr. Hughes have arrived to attend the Economic Conference.

ALLIES AND GRECCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, June 13.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

The Exchange Company's Athens correspondent states that the Government grants long leave to eight classes of troops leaving four classes with the colours.

The "Times" Salonika correspondent hears from Athens that M. Skouloudis told the Chamber that the Entente required Greece to prevent the Bulgarians advancing.

IRISH NEGOTIATIONS.

HOPEFUL OUTLOOK.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S PROPOSALS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 12.

An official report of the Conference of Nationalists in Dublin yesterday says:—

Mr. Lloyd George's proposals for settlement were:—

In the first place, to bring the Home Rule Act into immediate operation.

Secondly, immediately to introduce an Amending Bill as a strictly war emergency act.

Thirdly, during that period the Irish members to remain at Westminster in full numbers.

Fourthly, during the war emergency period six of the Ulster counties to remain as at present under the Imperial Government.

Fifthly, immediately after the war an Imperial Conference at which all the Dominions shall be represented, to consider the future government of the Empire, including the question of Ireland.

Sixthly, immediately after that and during the interval provided by the emergency act the permanent settlement of all great outstanding problems to be proceeded with.

Mr. Redmond said that if the pending Conference of Ulster Nationalists approved Mr. Lloyd George's proposals then the Nationalists of the southern provinces would be consulted.

Mr. Redmond said that all parties wished Mr. Lloyd George success in his mission.

He emphasised that there had been no Conference between the Irish parties and neither had made any proposals to the Government. Mr. Lloyd George had formulated these plans on his own responsibility.

The Ulster Unionist Council met at Belfast to-day and authorized Sir Edward Carson to continue negotiations on the basis of the definite exclusion of six counties.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

STRAIGHT FIGHT BETWEEN HUGHES AND WILSON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, June 12.

Although Mr. Roosevelt has not yet definitely promised to support Judge Hughes the feeling is growing in America that there will be a straight fight between Judge Hughes and Dr. Wilson.

The former is undoubtedly a very strong candidate. He is greatly respected for his uprightness and abhorrence of craft

DEATH OF MR. HENSMAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, June 13.

Mr. H. Hensman, of the "Pioneer" died at Simla last night after a few days' illness from pneumonia. The funeral will be at the cemetery at 5-30 this afternoon, leaving the Walker Hospital an hour earlier.

AMERICAN REINFORCEMENTS FOR MEXICO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, June 13.

American reinforcements have been despatched to Mexico in consequence of attacks on an American consulate in North Mexico.

ON THE SHATT-EL-ARAB.

A CALCUTTA LAUNCH IN MESOPOTAMIA.

The following is an extract form a letter by Mr. E. Ezra of Calcutta who has patriotically bought and fitted out at his own expense a fast motor launch, which he has placed, with his own services in command, at the disposal of the military authorities in Mesopotamia. The letter is dated Basra, May 14:—

"My launch is a real beauty, and the best and fastest on the river. She is oeing used by the army commander, and I have been attached to General Headquarters, which means that whenever the A. C. goes by river I go with him. On Friday we had a run down to Abadan, a distance of 65 miles there and back, which we covered in just over five hours with a heavy sea running against us all the way down. There were eight in the boat including the A.C., General Money, General Cooper and Mr. Page (Steuart & Co.). I wired to Bombay for a large supply of oranges and plaintains for the wounded in hospital; the poor fellows get nothing in the way of fruit and it can be done so easily; if you follow my example it would be much appreciated."

LATE LORD KITCHENER.

MEMORIAL DAY.

IMPRESSIVE SERVICE AT THE CATHEDRAL.

A large gathering of Bombay citizens assembled in St. Thomas' Cathedral last evening to pay tribute to the memory of Lord Kitchener.

The service was of an impressive character. The order of the seating was: On the left of the nave, Consuls; members of Council, Government officers and other officials including the Collector of Bombay and the Municipal Commissioner, and a number of officers of the Royal Indian Marine. The extreme left was entirely filled by the public scores of whom were turned away, unable to find either sitting or standing room. On the right of the nave was the Chief Justice and the Judges of the High Court, the General Officer Commanding the Bombay Brigade and his staff, and the Director of the Royal Indian Marine. On the extreme right were several rows of military sisters, and behind them a number of army officers, the khaki service dress of the latter and the grey, red-faced uniforms of the former, making a striking note in the assembly.

At the opening Chopin's March was played by Mr. Clement Robinson, in the absence of Dr. Faulkner. The Rev. H. L. Arnould then delivered a short address. He described the keynotes of the servic as Thanksgiving, Penitence and Prayer. He said:

I am required to preface this service with an address. There can be, to my mind, only one useful purpose to be served by such address, and that is, to strike the keynote of the service which is to follow. Well then first, this is to be a thanksgiving service. There can be no reality about any memorial service without thanksgiving. We are going to thank God for the life of a great man. I am not going to waste your time by giving any of the reasons why we think him great: indeed, I am sure that it would be the last thing that he himself would wish us to do, for he hated publicity, and part of his greatness was seen in this very thing, he thought so very little of men's praise. But on the other hand, I think he would be glad to know, as may be he does know, that we to-night are thanking God for all that, by the grace of God, he has been to us, and all that by the power of God, he has done for us. "You have tasted the salt of life"—he said that to his troops after the South African War—he was thinking of the labours they had undergone, the sacrifices they had made—"You have tasted the salt of life, and you shall not soon lose your taste for it." Certainly he himself acquired the taste very early in life, and kept it till his last day. Therefore, for a great life lived for his country, and for a death died in the path of duty, thanks, be to God. Next: in this service you shall hear the note of penitence. Why? Because though he was great, yet he was a man, and being a man he must have had sins which needed the very Blood of Christ for their forgiveness. And now he has passed to God and must give account for the things done in the body; and there is no sober-minded man in the world who can think of any soul passing to God without an overwhelming sense of awe, without a profound sense of his need of penitence. Well will it be for us if attendance at such a service as this should have the effect of deepening in any way our feeling of the need of penitence for ourselves, should drive us to see better just what is wrong with us, and how we may amend it, before that day comes, that day which is rushing towards us out of the future, when our dust will return to the earth as it was, and our spirit will return to God who gave it. Lastly, this service is meant to provide an opportunity for prayer. We shall be able to hold up our hands to God to-night, for the great soul that is passed into the world beyond. All his life he gave to us, all his life he helped us all he could; if we will, we can help him now. So we will pray that the Lord being his shepherd, he may lack nothing, and that God may grant him eternal rest, and light perpetual shine upon him.

The Hymn "Now the labourer's task is o'er" was then sung by choir and congregation and then followed Psalms 23, 130 and 121. The lesson, I Corinthians XV.,20, referred to the resurrection of the body and the ultimate triumph of the spiritual over the temporal. The choir sang the anthem "I heard a voice from Heaven saying unto me with great sweetness, and this was followed by the hymn "For All the Saints who from their labours rest," followed by the Lord's Prayer. The service concluded with the words, "May the Lord of his mercy grant to us, with all the faithful departed, rest and peace." The well-known strains of the Dead March in "Saul" finally issued from the organ and, penetrating every part of the building, brought the solemn proceedings to a suitable close.

It was stated after the service that there has been no gathering so large as yesterday's at the Cathedral since the visit to Bombay of the King and Queen.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

A memorial service for the late Lord Kitchener was also held at St. Andrews Church, Bombay. The Rev. Drummond Gordon, who officiated said they all mourned the tragic end of Earl Kitchener, the great war-lord, and in doing so he asked all to keep in mined the death

(Continued on page 8.)

ELECTROCUTION OF A MUNICIPAL SWEEPER.

JURY'S VERDICT AT INQUEST.

LICENSING OF ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS SUGGESTED.

Yesterday morning the Coroner held an inquest on the body of Bhagia Pandu a Municipal sweeper, who was electrocuted on touching a live wire on the 9th instant in a sweeper's lane in Samuel Street

Evidence was led by Superintendent Morris.

Mr. P. C. Guildera, Metre-Superintendent of the Bombay Electrical Supply and Tramway Company deposed he had examined the earth-wire in Samuel Street. He found it broken away from near the water-pipe and was charged with electricity. The wire was attached to the main conduit leading to the second floor. The earth-wire was charged with electricity. The effect of the charge upon a man would depend upon the state of his health. The ground was wet and the deceased was bare-footed. Witness himself had received many shocks. He knew of a man who received 500 volts and was still alive. Two hundred volts was a medium voltage. The installation in the house had been duly examined and passed. The system of attaching earth-wires to a water-pipe was freely used in Bombay. There was a rule that all wires encased in metal or lead-covered wires should be connected to the earth. That did not mean that the earth-wire should be encased in metal. No further inspection so far as witness knew, was made. In case of high voltage 400 and above, the installation was further inspected by the Government Electrical Inspector. In this case the voltage was only 230. Taking into consideration the possibilities of breakage etc., he could not suggest any improvement in the method. But if improvements were suggested and ordered by his superiors they would be carried out. He could not say who was responsible for the keeping of the installation in order. The part of the wire leading to the second floor was bared and when the pipe was charged the earth wire also became charged. The house-owner would not be able to notice that. When the witness discovered that the earth-wire was also charged he disconnected the whole of the installation, which would so remain until repaired. This was the first case of fatality in Bombay due to an earth-wire being charged. If there was a leakage to earth the fuse would be blown. If the earth wire in this case had not been broken the fuse would have been blown and the wire would have been perfectly safe to handle. Sometimes a doubled small wire was used to equalise a sniple thick wire. If the wire is properly connected to earth it is safe to handle. If the earth-wire is broken and a leakage occurred coincidently, as in this case, it was dangerous.

GOVERNMENT ELECTRICAL ENGINEER'S DEPOSITION.

Mr. F. W. Wilson Electrical Engineer to Government deposed he had examined the wire and found it broken off from the water-pipe. It had also broken at another place and had been repaired, but not properly. The wire was charged with 200 230 volts alternating current. It depends on the health of the individual whether it is dangerous, also on the condition of moisture. On a dry day one might touch such a wire and get a very slight shock. On a wet one would have an "absolute earth" and receive a serious shock. The cause of the wire being charged was a leakage in the mains going to the second boor. After an installation was examined and passed by the Electric Company, that company's responsibility ceased and legally speaking the owner of the house was responsible for keeping it in proper order. The witness did not think the owner could be blamed in this case, because he would have no means of knowing whether anything was wrong. A voltage under 250 was not considered dangerous. If it could be proved that in the first instance the wire was properly fastened the Electric Company could not be called to account.

The Distribution Engineer of the B. E. S. and T. Company, Mr. C. C. Fowler deposed the company had no power to make any rules or regulations with regard to the manner in which electric installations should be carried out. They could not enforce a contractor to run an earth-wire in any particular way other than that laid down generally in the Indian Electricity Act. Speaking for the safety of the general public it seemed to the witness that the Government should either give the Supply Company greater powers to make whenever necessary rules and regulations, 'or they should have a sufficient staff of sub-inspectors under the Electrical Inspector to make inspections on all installations possible. At the present any man could call himself an Electrical Inspector and if his installations passed the very wide regulations of Government, the Company must pass them also. Witness was of the opinion that if artificial respiration had been applied in this case the man would not have died. He had seen recoveries from much more violent shocks than the one in question.

Mr. Wilson, recalled and questioned by the Coroner, said as regarded Mr. Fowler's remarks regarding rule-making powers, this right was specifically taken away from all licenses under the Electricity Act; and in order to get that disability removed, it would be necessary to approach the Government of India, who, however, had already definitely stated that there seemed no reason to revise or amend the Act.

As regards the licensing of contractors, witness thought that opinions were unanimous that they should be licensed. The present case was at present before the Government and he hoped that it would be found possible to bring in the licensing of contractors.

THE VERDICT.

The following verdict was then returned by the jury:—

That the death of Bhagia Pandu was caused by injuries due to having come accidentally in contact with a broken and charged earth wire at Samuel Street. The jury are of the opinion that steps should be taken to lessen the possibility of such fatalities by whatever precautions may be considered by the authorities responsible. They are also of opinion that electrical contractors should be licensed.

EXCISE ZOOLUM IN CALCUTTA

AN AMAZING STORY.

The following letter dated June 10 from Mr. M. P. Menon appears in the "Ahrita Bazar Patrika":—

On Thursday evening I was seated on the terrace of 7, C' uampukur Lane, chatting with some friends. At about 9 o'clock we were startled by loud cries and yells and the sound of people running away in the street below. We were at first inclined to take little notice of it, but the disturbance grew louder and the babel of sounds more intense. It was time for me to go to my house which was only a few yards off. I went down into the street and was within 5 yards off my house when a young fair-complexioned Eurasian (who I subsequently found out was Excise Sub-Inspector Manley) came from behind and seized me by my left hand. In a trice two Indians evidently informers appeared on the scene. One of them snatched my walking stick away from my hand and gave me two blows with it which have left marks on my left thigh and left arm. When I protested my innocence to Inspector Manley he simply held my both hands from behind and tightly held me on to the spot. The other informer realising my helpless position gave me a slap on my left cheek causing a slight contusion in my left eye. Sub-Inspector Manley now handed me to a young police officer No. 30 of the Reserve. I lost no time in protesting my innocence to this police officer also when a Sergeant pointed the muzzle of a revolver at me and marched me off to Bowbazar Street where a phaeton was in waiting. I was asked to get in which I did and driven to the Muchipara Thana escorted by the Police Sergeant. When I entered the Thana I found that I was not the only man arrested by S.- I. Manley There were five or six others all bhadraloks Manley now narrated an astounding story about us to the police officer-in-charge. He said that he arrested one Nogin for illicit possession and sale of cocaine, I was alleged to have gone to the spot, organised a band, released Nogin and assaulted Manley and his men.

The police officer Mr. S. Chatterji (who by the way is a grand son of the late Bankim Chandra Chatterji) as is usual with all well-born and well educated Bengalee gentlemen in responsible positions was very polite and without losing a moment started to the place of occurrence to make a local enquiry. He was thoroughly convinced that the arrests were quite unnecessary and most vexatious, the arrested men being all respectable gentlemen of the locality in good position in life. He also found that they were all arrested in front of their own houses. The real offenders, if any, having as soon as the raiders appeared on the scene, effected their escape, the Excise officer finding that he was baulked of arrests caught hold of whomsoever he could lay his hands on and concocted the stupendous yarn implicating me. As the result of his local enquiry. Inspector Chatterji released us immediately without even demanding any bail, asking us to appear the following morning before the Police Commissioner at Lal Bazar. He sent me to the Medical College Hospital authorities the same night to have my injuries noted. Yesterday we were ranged before the Deputy Police Commissioner Mr Bird to whom the Inspector made his report. Manley reiterated his cock and bull story before the Court. I then gave my own version of the story and all the accused were discharged. I now requested the Deputy Commissioner to take official notice of Sub-Inspector Manley's conduct. He regretted he was unable to help me further, advising me to consult my friends and take necessary action.

In this connection I have to bring to public notice the exemplary conduct of the police officer Mr. S. Chatterji who investigated the case. His zeal for discharging his duty promptly and honestly was not more commendable than his courtesy and fairness to us the "accused" who were at his tender mercies. He did not hesitate to put himself to the inconvenience of venturing out in the drizzle at a very late hour as soon as he heard our story thus rendering it possible for us to get back to our homes the same night.

If one like myself who does not even know the local dialect and who has been a resident of the locality only for a few weeks could be accused of having organised a band with a view to thwart the excise official in the discharge of his duties, wrongfully arrested, assaulted and marched to the thana at the point of a revolver at the sweet whim and fancy of an Excise Sub-Inspector, who according to his own statement, had not been in the department for more than four months, there is absolutely no security of life or safety of limb for the peaceful and law-abiding Indian public in this the second city in the British Empire

A student named Ambekar committed suicide at Nagpur on Sunday by drowning himself in the Jummatalad owing, it is believed, to his failure in the last B. A. examination of the Allahabad University.

The Bank of Madras rate remains unchanged.

LATE LORD KITCHENER.

(Continued from page 7.)

of another great and dominating figure of History. Moses trained his people into a nation of soldiers. He was a great patriot, above suspicion. What was the great task he put his hand to? His people dreaded extermination at the hands of their enemy, who wanted to make them their slaves. Moses created an army, and then finding the task before him too great for one man, he created different departments at the head of which he put able men, and when the peace party talked the loudest when reverses came, he did not utter one word of resentment. And he eventually introduced a universal military service. He was not permitted to see the great victory, but was only permitted to catch a glimpse of the light of the day of victory. And he did not die in the midst of his people. And it seemed to the preacher that much of what he had said about Moses applied to Lord Kitchener. Lord Kitchener was a great Englishman, a great patriot, and a great soldier, far above party or self-seeking. He put his hand to the plough, and took the task upon his shoulders to raise and equip a huge army of continental dimensions. They saw Great Britain turned into an armed camp, the result of his almost superhuman energy and effort. This strong man never sought popularity. He shunned it. It had been a fortunate circumstance that when their very existence as a nation was involved, the people had had this strong man ready to take up the burden upon himself. His words had been few and they should probably never know what he thought of the bickerings and mutual recriminations of some people at Home, for he kept silent. And now when they were just at the height of their military power, just when a signal naval victory had been gained, establishing their supremacy at sea beyond question, and just when he was about to reap the fruits of what he had sown, this great man was dead, drowned at sea. They all mourned his grievous loss, but God's Will be due.

Suitable hymns were sung by the congregation during the service.

Memorial prayers were also offered by the Bombay Silver Merchants' Association and the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

AT POONA.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, June 13.

The memorial service in memory of the late Lord Kitchener was held in St. Mary's Church at noon to-day at which Lord Willingdon, members of his Excellency the Governor's Council and a large number of officials and other gentlemen were present. Many of the European troops in the station also marched to the church and were present at the service which lasted little over an hour. While the service was in progress artillery fired minute guns on the general parade ground at the race course. Flags in the station were flying half mast all day.

Prayers in the form of a Harikirtan were offered this afternoon by the bench and the bar in memory of Lord Kitchener.

AT SIMLA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, June 13.

His Excellency the Viceroy, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab and all officials, both civil and military, attended the memorial service for Lord Kitchener at Christ Church, Simla, to-day. The Bishop of Lahore and the Archdeacon of Simla conducted the service which was choral.

The Simla Volunteers furnished a Guard of Honour at the Church.

In the course of the day meetings of the chief Hindu and Mahomedan societies were also held here to express regret at the loss which the Empire has sustained in the death of Lord Kitchener.

AT DELHI.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, June 13.

At a mass meeting of the citizens of Delhi held on Saturday in the Queen's Garden the Hon. Mr. Hailey, Chief Commissioner of Delhi presiding, the following resolution was passed.

That the following telegram be sent to his Excellency the Viceroy:—"The Delhi citizens assembled in a mass meeting desire to express their deep sorrow at the sudden, untimely and tragic death of Earl Kitchener, the Empire's greatest soldier and the most honest and efficient worker in the cause of the war at the present time. The British nation has suffered an irretrievable loss by his death. They place on record with great gratitude their sense of the service done by Earl Kitchener in the organisation of a great army in so short a time. They respectfully request your Excellency to convey their sincere sympathy to the relatives of the deceased."

At a meeting of the teachers and students of St. Stephen's High School, Delhi, held to-day a resolution was passed expressing grief at the irreparable loss suffered by the Empire in the sad and untimely death of Earl Kitchener.

AT CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, June 13.

In memory of the late Lord Kitchener memorial services were held this morning at St. Paul's Cathedral and Garrison Church, Fort William, the former being attended by the High Court Judges and other civil officers, the latter was attended by regular troops now in the city. The volunteers attended both the churches. The day's observance, however, began at the Kitchener statue on the maidan at seven when Lady Sanderson, wife of the Chief Justice of Bengal, presided at the decoration of the statue with numerous wreaths presented for the occasion by various public bodies in Calcutta. All public offices under the Bengal Government, High Court, and police courts are closed. The Governor has received condolence messages from almost all the public bodies and associations in Bengal.

AT OOTACAMUND.

(Associated Press.)

OOTACAMUND, June 13.

The memorial service in honour of Earl Kitchener was impressively solemn. St. Stephen's was packed to overflowing. From His Excellency and members of the Madras Council almost every European in the station attended including a large body of officers. As the Dead March was played the firing of minute guns from the Stonehouse battery started. The pretty church of St. Stephen's presented a most solemn picture while throughout the station flags were flown at half mast.

OTHER CENTRES.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, June 13.

In obedience to the order from the Commander-in-Chief in India flags are hoisted half-mast in memory of Lord Kitchener this morning on some of the buildings and offices in civil and military stations.

LATER.

Memorial services in honour of the late Lord Kitchener were held this morning in St. Mark's Church, Holy Trinity Church, St. Andrew's Church, and Wesleyan Church. The service in St. Mark's Church was opened by the Resident, the Hon. Mr. H. V. Cobb.

The British troops could not attend as they were away in camp at Hebbal but the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers paraded in full.

LUCKNOW, June 13.

A representative meeting to mourn the loss of Lord Kitchener, was held last evening in the Kaiser Bagh. There was a large attendance, including military officers, European and Indian officials, raises and traders. The Nawab of Shishmahal presided.

The memorial service for Lord Kitchener at the Christ Church to-day was attended by members of the United Provinces Light Horse and Lucknow Volunteer Rifles who paraded for the occasion. Canon Menzies conducted the service which was impressive.

BENARES, June 13.

A public meeting was held to-day to express sorrow at the sad and sudden death of Lord Kitchener of Khartoum. The chair was taken by his Highness Maharaja Sir Prabhu Narain Singhji Bahadur.

NAGPUR, June 13.

A short memorial service was held at the Nagpur Cathedral this morning in connection with Lord Kitchener's death. All civil officials who are now in the station were present. A detachment from the Sitabuldi Fort and the Nagpur Volunteer Rifles headed by Col. Stanyon and Captain Green, Adjutant, took part in the service.

SECUNDERABAD, June 13.

Lord Kitchener memorial services were held in all churches to-day. Artillery fired 19 minute guns at noon. Union Jacks were flown at half mast and shops were closed in the afternoon.

(From a Correspondent.)

KOLHAPUR, June 13.

At a crowded meeting of the Marathas held to-day under the presidency of the Chief of Kagal, a resolution expressing deep sorrow at the tragic death of Lord Kitchener was passed. An influential committee was formed to collect funds for erecting statues to Lords Roberts and Kitchener.

(From a Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, June 13.

The Lingayat Association of Belgaum has placed on record its deep sense of sorrow at the irreparable loss caused to the British Empire by the tragic death of Lord Kitchener.

(From a Correspondent.)

DHAR, June 13.

To express deep regret and sorrow at the melancholy event of Lord Kitchener's death and to pay respects to his memory a public meeting was convened this morning at the Anand High School, Dhar. The meeting was well attended by the sirdars, officials of the State, the European residents and the native gentry of the town

His Highness the Maharaja Saheb Bahadur presiding over the meeting, eulogized the noble qualities of the great soldier and statesman and the good and glorious works done by him which except he no one could have achieved.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, June 13.

At the share market to-day there was only a small business passing in jute mill shares and coal shares, prices of which were steady and unchanged. The stock exchange was closed at one o'clock to mark the day as much as possible as one of mourning for Lord Kitchener. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Central Dharmaband 13/4, Saltore 9/4. 9/8, 9/12.

Jute:—Budge Budge prefs 121, Delta ord 396, 397, Empire ord 34/8, 34/12, Hooghly prefs 13/12, 14, Kamarhatty ord 333, Standard ord 294.

Miscellaneous:—Calcutta City Flour 10/12 11; Monarch Flour 10, 10/4.

Government paper three and a half per cent, was quoted at Rs. 80/4.

CASUALTY LIST.

(Reuters' Telegram.)

LODON, June 9.

KILLED.

Major B. H. Magrath, East Lancashires.
Captain A. M. Hallett, Artillery.
Lieut. A. J. Austen-Cartmell, King's Royal Rifles
Lieut. A. H. Rixon, Suffolks.
Sec.-Lieut. L. A. Bradstreet, Middlesex.
Sec.-Lieut. E. C. Lee, Middlesex.
Sec.-Lieut. J. B. Skerry, Middlesex.

NOW KILLED.

Major A. E. Fenning, York and Lancasters.
Captain H. T. Wyllie, Dragoon Guards.
Lieut. B. T. Cowan, Lincolns.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. J. Barrow, Berkshirs.
Sec.-Lieut. N. B. Stephens, East Yorkshires.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Captain R. W. Ainsworth, Sherwoods.

WOUNDED AND MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Lieut. E. C. Jackson, Sherwoods.

MISSING.

Sec.-Lieut. A. R Goodson, Londons.

NOW NOT MISSING.

Sec.-Lieut. R. W. Scott, Seaforths.

WOUNDED.

Major J. N. Rycroft, Black Watch.
Captain D. A. Haddon, Medicals.
Captain J. G. Harrison, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Lieut. M. J. McCullagh, Border Regiment.
Lieut. E. C. Peterkins, Middlesex.
Lieut. M. P. Pugs, Berkshires.
Lieut. T. K. Radford, Artillery.
Lieut. A. L. Thomson, Liverpools.
Lieut. K. H. Thornycroft, West Surreys.
Lieut. E. A. Wood, Durham L. I.
Sec.-Lieut. E. H. Collard, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. J. F Engleburtt, Middlesex.
Sec.-Lieut. R. E. Head, Liverpools.
Sec.-Lieut. E. Potts, Engineers.
Sec.-Lieut. F. A. Reading, Worcesters.
Sec.-Lieut. R. J. Thomson, Worcesters.
Sec.-Lieut. T. C. Russell, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. L. C. Scaife, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. B. Snape, Sherwoods.
Sec.-Lieut. H. J Spencer, Durham L. I.
Sec.-Lieut. E. H. Taylor, North Lancashires.
Sec.-Lieut. H. D. Tiley, East Surreys.

KILLED.

LONDON, June 11.

Captain K. Thomas, King's Royal Rifles.
Lieut. V. Burchill, Manchesters.
Sec.-Lieut. R. H. Richards, Sussex.
Sec.-Lieut. A. C Thomas, Oxford and Bucks L. I.
Sec.-Lieut. A. G Thompson, Welsh Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. H. V Williams, Worcesters.
Sec.-Lieut. F. Wilson, Liverpools.

NOW KILLED.

Sec.-Lieut. G. C. Nelder, Hampshires.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Sec.-Lieut. M. H. Raphael, Warwicks.

NOW WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Lieut. R. Cannot, Wiltshires.

WOUNDED.

Brigadier-General W. F. Sweny.
Captain J. L. Beddington, Yorkshire L. I.
Captain R. H. Dashwood, Oxford and Bucks L. I.
Captain W. E. Jones, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain F. Spencer, York and Lancasters.
Lieut. C. H. Dennys, Connaught Rangers.
Lieut. R. W. Enser, General List.
Lieut. A. Hutcheon, Gordons.
Lieut. A. J. Nolan-Martin, Dublin Fusiliers.
Lieut. E. Oldham, Manchesters.
Lieut. J. Stewart, Durham L. I.
Sec.-Lieut. C. Donald, Gordons.
Sec.-Lieut. V. L. Ferguson, Gordons.
Sec.-Lieut. R. Fairweather, Warwicks.
Sec.-Lieut. J. S. Finlayson, Black Watch.
Sec.-Lieut. W. C. Green, East Yorkshires.
Sec.-Lieut. C. F. Haslegrave, Seaforths.
Sec.-Lieut. H. V. Robins, King's Royal Rifles.
Sec.-Lieut. E. L. Turnbull, King's Royal Rifles.
Sec.-Lieut. C. A. Taylor, Liverpools.
Sec.-Lieut. J. D. Welsh, Liverpools.

LONDON, June 11.

KILLED.

Captain G Murray, Leinsters.
Captain E K De Pledge, West Yorks.
Lieutenant F C Batty Smith, Royal Fusiliers.
Lieutenant J C Larkins, Warwicks.
Lieutenant D W Palmer, East Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant S E Anson, East Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant C C. Spink, East Yorks
Second-Lieutenant T Townsend, East Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant E R Bowling, West Kents.
Second-Lieutenant J Censino, Manchesters.
Second-Lieutenant E A Street, Manchesters.
Second-Lieutenant R O Crookes, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieutenant C T Newton, West Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant P L Patterson, North Staffs.
Second-Lieutenant C H Thompson, Durham Light Infantry.

MISSING.

Captain A H Tallow, Warwicks.
Lieutenant G P Burlton, Norfolks.
Lieutenant J A Maddocks, Warwicks.
Second-Lieutenant L Edwards, Norfolks.
Second-Lieutenant F J Long, Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant-Colonel J Sherwood-Kelly, Scottish Borderers.
Major L T Raikes, Artillery.
Captain B F Cadie, Artillery.
Captain G A Rickards, Artillery.
Captain W P Curry, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Captain F Nicholl, Manchesters.
Captain R J Roberts, Welsh Regiment.
Captain C F White, Medicals.
Lieutenant J H Barker, Durham Light Infantry.
Lieutenant H G Brown, London Regiment.
Lieutenant E P Bury, South Wales Borderers.
Lieutenant W A Faussett, Artillery.
Lieutenant J K. Gwinnell, Royal Fusiliers.

GOVERNMENT AND "NEW INDIA."

PROTEST MEETING AT MADRAS.

RESOLUTION FOR REPEAL OF THE PRESS ACT PASSED.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, June 12.

(*Delayed in transmission.*)

Received June 13, 2 p.m.

An enthusiastic and very largely attended public meeting was held at the Victoria Public Hall this evening with Dr. Sir Subramania Iyer in the chair to protest against the action of the Government in demanding security from "New India." The Chairman after referring briefly to the death of Lord Kitchener put from the chair a resolution recording the sense of loss sustained by death.

Telegrams and letters received from sympathisers of the meeting were then read and those included from the Hon. Messrs. M. Ramachandra Rao, P. Kesuva Pillay, Srinavasa Sastri, Yakub Husan, N. Subba Rao, S. Kasturi Ranga Iyenger and others. The chairman said that the Press Act of 1910 was one which could never have been placed on the statute book consistently with those liberal principles of Government admitted to be the fundamental principle by the British nation. That the Act placed in the hands of the executive a power which, exercised even sparingly, would sooner or later reduce the public press to nonentity.

MRS. BESANT'S TWO IDEALS.

Mr. L. A. Govinduraghava Iyer moved a resolution for the repeal of the Press Act. He said that he was not there to play the part of Mark Antony. He deplored that the arbitrary provisions of the Act should have been enforced in the manner in which it was now done in the case of "New India," notwithstanding the pledges given by responsible legislators that the provisions would be used only against those guilty of treason, sedition, incitement to violence etc. He quoted the speeches of Sir Herbert Risley and Sir Harold Stuart in the Imperial Legislative Council and pointed out how rudely the safeguards, said to be in the Act, had been set at naught in the present case. Many of them might not agree with Mrs. Besant in her views on politics and also in respect of the vehement language used by her in "New India," but no one could say that she was a dishonest editor. Two ideals which she always placed before the the readers were the maintenance of British connection under any circumstances and the continuance of allegiance to the British throne and avoidance of all attempts which might partake of the character of an unconstitutional agitation. The times had changed and there was no longer anything like organised effort at anarchy or violence. The need for the Press Act therefore no longer existed. He also quoted the judgment of Sir Lawrence Jenkins and said that safeguards by way of appeal to High Court were illusory. The speaker then referred to the statement of the "Madras Mail" that three warnings were given to Mrs. Besant and contradicting the truth of that statement said that what purported to be warnings were merely friendly advices, the language of which could not be treated as warnings. He inferred from what the "Mail" stated that even in the opinion of that paper warnings should have been given to and explanation taken from Mrs. Besant.

Mr. Gurusami Chetty seconded the resolution in Tamil while Mr. B. N. Sarma and C. P. Ramaswami Iyer supported it.

Mrs. Besant made a short speech thanking the public of the Madras Presidency and also other parts of India for the agitation against the Press Act and for defending the liberty of the press and freedom of speech.

Mr. G. S. Arundale proposed a vote of thanks to the chair.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

WARWICK MAJOR COMPANY.

The Warwick Major Comedy Company, which is due at the Royal Opera House for a fornight's season in the middle of next month, has been adding fresh laurels in Calcutta during the past week or so, and was so encouraged by the reception of "Within The Law" that other dramas are being added to the repertoire, in addition to the comedies already played or in rehearsal.

The Company is a large and strong one. Miss Georgie Corlass, who is known to Bombay as a musical comedy actress, is making an even greater hit in comedy proper. Miss Beryl Barraclough recently won laurels at the Royal Opera House when she was with the Howitt-Phillips Company. Miss Edith Rowland is proving very popular in Calcutta, where her London experience is standing her in good stead. Miss Dulcie Trewartha comes direct from a South African tour and Miss Gladys Allen, besides being a dainty actress is a clever dancer. Among the gentlemen Mr. Cecil Kellaway leads. He has taken the principal parts in the majority of the productions up to date with great success. Mr. Carl Lawson needs no further praise than has already been bestowed upon him in Bombay. Mr. Edward Noble is also well known here as, too, is Mr. Lew Marks. There are also several other sound actors in the combination.

As has been already stated, there will be a different play for every night of the stay. The late Lewis Waller's great romantic play "Monsieur Beaucaire" has been added to the repertoire, as well as "A Fool's Paradise."

AWARDED
3 GOLD MEDALS.

A cup of one's choice
The cup to delight
A boon to toiled heart
To refresh and rejoice
IS
A CUP OF
PEARSE'S COFFEE

Our Coffee has earned in India wide reputation, and there is hardly a house all over that does not use PEARSE'S GENUINE COFFEE.

COFFEE
ROASTED BY GAS
AND GROUND BY ELECTRICITY
TO BE HAD OF
All respectable Dealers
AND AT

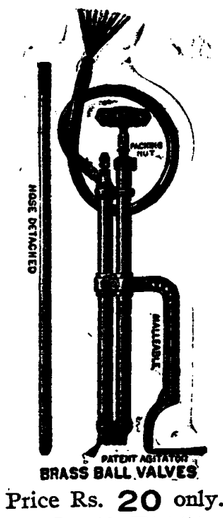
BAKERS CONFECTIONERS CATERERS **PEARSE & Co.** ARMY AND NAVY CONTRACTORS.
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

ASK FOR
KABUTO PILSENER BEER
(BEST & REFRESHING)
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.
SOLE AGENTS:— JEENA & Co.,
34, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

LACTOMALTINE
MALT, MILK & CREAM
AN IDEAL FLESH FORMING FOOD.
Superior Diastatic Power Nutritious, Palatable, Strengthening
Contains, perfectly preserved by a New Process, all the Valuable Food Properties of the Finest Scotch Barley, Milk and Cream.
LACTOMALTINE greatly surpasses Cold Liver Oil preparations, in its efficiency for creating Tissues of stable Texture.
LACTOMALTINE IS A VALUABLE FOOD FOR WARM CLIMATES AS WELL AS COLD.

Numerous testimonials have been received from the public and members of the medica Profession.
Dr. C. H. *writes*.—"I have prescribed Lactomaltine largely during the hot weather and it invariably agrees even when Cod Liver Oil and Malt disagree. I have found patients tolerate it quite well in the hottest weather that we have in this country, and I have never known it cause any undue relaxation of the bowels.
It is particularly valuable for Delicate Children, and Invalids like it. Indeed, I generally prescribe that it should be taken on bread and butter instead of Jam."
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—
MADON SONS & Co.
CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 706.

BRASS BUCKET
Spraying does pay and the only remedy to save fruit or flower trees from insects or any other diseases is to spray them with this pump. Can be used with any ordinary buckets. Fitted with patent agitator and brass ball valves. Entirely made of brass.
WE ALSO STOCK ALL OTHER KINDS OF



SPRAY PUMP
Is necessary to insure perfect fruit.
Will throw a solid stream of 50 feet, and is of unusual value for spraying window cur tains in hot season or for sprinkling lawns, flowers, etc. Supplied with two nozzles and detachable hose.
DEEP & SHALLOW WELL PUMPS
Price Rs. 20 only.
K. B. JOSHI & Co.
321, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

H. R. MODY & Co.,
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,
No. 10, FIDA BUILDING, PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.
IMPORTERS OF

SODA WATER MACHINES, SACCHARIN 550 No. 1,	CODD'S SODA BOTTLES, SULPHURIC AND OTHER ACIDS,	SOLUBLE FRUIT ESSENCES, CHEMICALS AND DRUGS,	ESSENTIAL OILS AND COLORS, PATENT MEDICINES AND PERFUMERY,

CARBONIC GAS FLASKS
AND EVERY REQUISITE FOR ÆRATED WATER FACTORY.
PLEASE TRY
OTTO DIL-CHAMAN (*Registered*)
THE KING OF ALL PERFUMES.
Most fragrant, world-renowned, richest and lasting perfume of up-to-date fashion (Free of Alcohol).
PRICE PER BOTTLE. Annas 8. " 12. And Rs. 2.
Scented Cards with Otto Dil-chaman at Annas 12 per dozen.
V. P. EXTRA.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Telegrams: "SACCHARIN," Bombay.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS IN NEPAL.

A BRITISH RESIDENT'S EXPERIENCES

In "Blackwood's Magazine" appears an article by Lieutenant-Colonel Showers, formerly officiating British Resident in Nepal, entitled "Eighteen months in Nepal." Below we give extracts from the article:—

It fell to my good fortune in the spring of 1912 to be selected by H. E. the Viceroy for the officiating charge of the Nepal Residency. Nepal, the home of the brave little Gurkhas,—who during the present war have rendered such loyal and gallant service to the Empire,— with its mass of mighty Himalayan peaks, is so little known and is enveloped in so dense a cloud of obscurity and mystery. that a visit to the country gives all the sensations of embarking on a new and romantic adventure. That the country lies outside the limits of British India, and that it marches for 500 miles with the still more mysterious Tibet, are only additional fascinations. . . .

NEW RESIDENT'S ASSUMPTION OF OFFICE.

The assumption of his duties by a new Resident to the State forms the occasion of much elaborate ceremonial. The new officer receives a formal letter from H. E. the Viceroy to the address of H. H. the Maharajadhiraj accrediting him to the State as the representative of the Government of India, and an early date for its presentation is arranged. There are three different Darbars. Firstly, H. E. the Prime Minister pays a formal visit to the Resident. He arrives in state, accompanied by some half-dozen high officers and a mounted escort. He is received with a salute by a strong Guard of Honour of the Resident's Escort, and is met as he alights from his carriage by the Resident and his staff in full uniform. He is then conducted into a large room used for Darbar purposes. On the walls of the room there are fine coloured portraits of H. I. M. King Edward VII and of our most gracious sovereign King George, in whose righteous cause 3,000,000 British, Colonial, Indian, and Gurkha troops are now under arms. There are also portraits of several past Residents, in the list of whom occur such names as Brian Hodgson, Sir Henry Lawrence, Sir Edward Durand, General H. Wylie and that of the present incumbent, Colonel J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.V.O., C.I.E., who has held the appointment off and on for the last eleven years. The Prime Minister is seated on the Resident's right while down the length of the room sit the respective suites, the Prime Ministers on the right, the Residents on the left. Sir Chandra Shumshere is a man of about fifty years of age, of medium height, sparely but strongly built, and with an erect and military carriage. He has good and clear-cut features, his expression is open and pleasing, his large frank eyes look at one very straightly, and he wears a short black beard. He is always well and neatly dressed in one or other of his many uniforms. After a few minutes' conversation the Resident gives "atar" and "pan" to the Prime Minister, and the Residency Surgeon to the rest of the visitor, and His Excellency departs with the same ceremonies as upon his arrival.

VISIT TO MAHARAJADHIRAJ.

A little later it is time for the big event of the day, the visit to the Maharajadhiraj, and the Resident and his staff proceed in carriages to the great Palace,—the official headquarters of the Government,—standing in the heart of the city. This fine old group of buildings, which is decorated with some of the most beautiful wood-carving to be seen in Nepal, is only used now for official or ceremonial purposes, much as St. James' Palace is used. Attached to it is a modern-built Darbar hall reached by a broad flight of several steps. The people of the town evinced the greatest interest in the occasion, and large numbers were collected in the streets and at doorways and windows as we drove through. In the square fronting the Palace a vast, cheering crowd was assembled, gay in many hued costumes, a Guard of Honour presented arms, guns were fired, a band struck up a salute, and in the midst of a scene almost bewildering in its Oriental brilliance and the confusion of many sounds the carriage drew up at the steps of the Darbar hall. As we alighted, the Prime Minister, accompanied by some of his officers, descended the steps to meet us, and in his urbane and courteous manner bade us welcome to the Darbar, and conducted us into the hall. It was a striking scene that lay before us. The handsome marble hall, large and lofty in its proportions. presented a dazzling blaze of colour, from the richly-laced red or blue uniforms of over a hundred nobles and high military and civil officers. The hall was well lit by a long line of windows through which the sun streamed, and among its embellishments were fine candelabra and some full-length portraits, one of them being of Lord Kitchener painted by John Collier, and much prized by the Prime Minister. Advancing with slow and measured steps up the centre of the hall towards the top, where the throne was placed we had the military officers on our left hand and the civil on the right, among the latter and ranking high being the Chief Guru or High Priest of Nepal. As we arrived at the throne the young Maharajadhiraj, a handsome little boy of seven, richly dressed and covered with jewels of priceless value, stood up and shook hands with myself and the Residency Surgeon. With his Highness was the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Bhim Shumshere, K.C.I.E., who is the Prime Minister's younger brother, and with him also we shook hands. I then took a seat on a sofa to the right of the throne, the Prime Minister seating himself next me on my right. The Residency Surgeon sat on the left of the throne with the Commander-in-Chief. This is the recognised practice at the Palace Darbar.

There was then a short and impressive silence while the guns boomed out the concluding rounds of the artillery salute, and one had leisure to look down the long line of princes, nobles, and officers of this martial people, all bearing high military rank and all in smartly-made, full-dress uniforms of English appearance, the headdress in the case of those of the highest rank being particularly striking with its beautiful bird-of-paradise plume. The Prime Minister was wearing the stars of his various British Orders, and in his handsome uniform and plumed and bejewelled head-dress he did ample justice to the exalted position he occupied in this remarkable assembly. The salute being finished, I rose and presented the Viceroy's letter to his Highness, and on resuming my seat made a few complimentary remarks appropriate to the occasion. My remarks were addressed in English to the Prime Minister, who probably knows our language better than he does Hindustani. He repeated them in Gurkhali to the Commander-in-Chief, who explained them to the Maharajadhiraj. The latter's replies, or those made on his behalf, were conveyed by a similar process. This concluded the Darbar, and we took our leave of his Highness. In passing down the hall I shook hands, on the Prime Minister's introduction, with the principal personages present, among them being Sir Chandra's five elder sons, who are all generals, and Commanding-General Jhuda Shumshere, who commands the Katmandu Division, and who has been fighting in France, and was recently wounded.

THE SINGHA PALACE.

There was one more Darbar to be held this afternoon, though the day, perhaps, was already sufficiently crowded with new experiences and impressions—viz., the return visit to H. E. the Prime Minister at his palace, the Singha Darbar. The choice lay between holding it the same afternoon or next day; and as there must be few officials who love the task of struggling more often than can be helped into full-dress uniform—made for them, perhaps, years before in their slim youth—it was agreed by general consent to dispose of all ceremonial visits in the one day. So, driving slowly and by a circuitous route, in order that those present at the City Palace—and this refers to practically all except H. H. the Maharajadhiraj and his suite—might have time to repair to the Singha Palace, we passed from one brilliant scene to another.

The Palace is about 400 yards distant from the Tudikhel "maidan." The high wall surrounding it encloses many acres of grounds. Passing through a lofty arched gateway with ornamental iron gates, the Palace bursts suddenly into view about a hundred yards away, with a foreground of green lawn and fountains, and approached by wide drives circling round either side of the lawn. The view both pleases the eye and impresses the imagination; for the noble edifice, which is constructed largely of marble, covers a wide frontage and rises high in four stories, presents an appearance in which brightness, beauty, and symmetry are happily blended with size and solidity. This palace was built, no doubt at enormous cost, by Sir Chandra Shumshere; and, as the Prime Minister is "de facto" the first man in the country, so his residence is the finest achievement of what may be styled the architectural renaissance now in progress.

The formalities here were much the same as at the other Palace, but there was no crowd of people. The Darbar hall is on the first floor, and we were conducted there by the Prime Minister, and, as before, we passed to the top of the hall through two lines of nobles and officers. I sat on his Excellency's right, our two chairs being on a raised dais. The hall, which is built entirely of red marble obtained from quarries in the valley, and which is sumptuously furnished and decorated, presented a very attractive appearance, and it is probably the most artistic and handsome bit of work yet produced in modern -day Nepal.

EYE-SIGHT RESTORED.
An infallible remedy for all sorts of eye disease. It cures Cataract Glacoma, etc., without knife. No failure, no harm. It is absolutely safe highly spoken of by distinguished men. Apply for particulars to L. H. Seller, Samta, (Bengal). Dept. S41.
607.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.
THE
ROYAL YAKUTI.
(ANANG VILAS.)
This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body refresh the memory and to guard agianst debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills. Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.
Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

BOMBAY WASHING CO.
PIONEER CLEANERS.
30 Years' Experience.
Military Square, opposite Watson Hotel, Fort.
EXPERTS IN DRY CLEANING.
FLANNELS RENOVATED.
STAINS REMOVED WITHOUT CLEANING THE WHOLE GARMENT.
DRY CLEANING PROCESS WITHOUT THE AID OF WATER.

Lassitude
is a feeling of weariness, depression, fatigue, which affects equally men, women and children, and it is most important that these signs of a run-down condition be not neglected. Neglect may easily lead to more serious ailments. Therefore if you are feeling exhausted, slack and depressed, don't delay, start taking Iron 'Jelloids' to-day. Iron 'Jelloids' enrich the blood and tone the whole system so that energy is soon restored—the appetite returns and you realise the joy of vigorous health. IRON 'JELLOIDS' No. 2A. containing Quinine are especially beneficial in combatting malaria.
Iron 'Jelloids'
Machine Made. Without Animal Fat.
Mr. C. F. Collier, Forest Gate, writes.—"I was suffering from depression "and lowness of spirits, resulting from poorness of blood and run-down "nerves. The first box of 'Jelloids' made a great difference and continuing to "take them I derived great benefit. I always recommend IRON 'JELLOIDS'."
A fortnight's trial (Price *Rupee* 1) will convince you.
For Children, Iron 'Jelloids' No. 1 ... ... price Re. 1 & Rs. 2-0
For Women, Iron 'Jelloids' No. 2 ... ... " Re. 1 & Rs. 2-12
For Men, Iron 'Jelloids' (*containing Quinine*) No. 2A. " Re. 1 & Rs. 2-12
Of all Principal Chemists throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon and The East.
Manufactured only by THE 'JELLOID' Co., 205, City Rd., London, England.

DEWJI MALJI
JEWELLER AND DIAMOND MERCHANT

We keep ready-made Gold ets of Necklaces, Ear-rings, Bracelets Brooches, &c., for sale as well as we make them to order.
REPAIRS CAREFULLY EXECUTED. MODERATE PRICES.
102. Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 207

The Great Eastern Life Assurance Co.,
LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.)
REGISTERED IN GREAT BRITAIN.
HEAD OFFICE:—Singapore.
LONDON OFFICE:—32, Old Jewry, London, E. C.
SPECIAL PHASES OF POLICY CONTRACT:—
Indisputability, Automatic Non-forfeiture and Disability Clause.
Good reliable Agents Wanted.
Apply—
M. V. MERCHANT,
Branch Manager,
12-14, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

"Ic Mic" Cooker.

An unique apparatus for Cooking, Baking, Frying, Refrigerating and the like purposes.
Patented by Dr. I. M. Mallick, M.A., M.D.
Simplest mechanism.
Any parts separately available.
Cooks several dishes altogether in one hour. No attention necessary, as no scorching or over-boiling possible. Any fuel can be used. Highly economical in the food and fuel. A boon to the sick and the travellers. Best testimonials, certificates, gold medals and prizes obtained.
Prices:—Rs. 10, 15, 22, and 35
Stand extra.
For further particulars apply to Manager "Ic Mic" Cooker
29, College Street, CALCUTTA.

NEW EDITION.
NOW READY. JUST OUT.
A COMMENTARY
ON
CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE
NEW EDITION OF THE CODE OF 1908
REVISED AND ENLARGED AND BROUGHT UP-TO-DATE
BY
READY. D. F. MULLA, M.A., LL.B. OUT.
Advocate, High Court, Bombay.
6th EDITION, 1916.
Price Rs. 11. Nett.
"It is undoubtedly superior to any other existing Edition of the Code."—LAW QUARTERLY REVIEW.
"It seems hard for the purpose of up-to-date knowledge of the Law of Civil Courts practice in India to hit upon a work better suited than Mr. Mulla's Edition of the Code."—BOMBAY LAW REPORTER.
ORDERS REGISTERED BY
N. M. TRIPATHI & Co.
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

MY CARD?

Certainly. Here you are. Name, Dunlop. Business, Tyres.

No. I am not here to book orders, but to give advice.

Whom do I want to see? Everybody. Rather a large order that anyway, you think? But then I can call on thousands daily.

How? Just as I am doing now.

Am I coming again? Regularly, I hope. This is just a preliminary visit.

And, by the way, before I go, I would like to mention that should you be in a hurry for any information about tyres, you have only to write me to

DUNLOP

RUBBER COMPANY, LD

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

Founders of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry throughout the World.

INDIAN HEAD OFFICE

3 Wallace Street, BOMBAY.

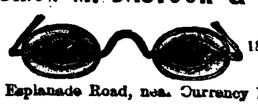
BRANCHES

CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, DELHI & MADRAS.

TRADE MARK.

THE ORIGINAL FIRM OF

DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co

EST  1890

71, Esplanade Road, nea. Currency Bank.

If your **EYES PAIN** or fail to give you normal sight, DO NOT HESITATE to consult us at once.

Our OPHTHALMIC SURGEON from the ROYAL LONDON OPHTHALMIC (MOORFIELDS) HOSPITAL is always on our premises to give advice to purchasers of glasses and examine eyes retinoscopically FREE OF CHARGE.

Our prices are moderate and our stock is of the very best manufacture. All our lenses and frames are guaranteed to be made on scientific measurements and given at shortest notice.

The fact that we have the honour of having among our constituents many of the Government High Officials Members of the Legal and Medical Professions, Rajas and Nawabs whose written opinions we hold is a sufficient recommendation for our scientific working and high quality of goods.

FOUR WONDERFUL REMEDIES

WITH Kadi NO MORE ASTHMA.

BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH COLDS, etc. Thousands cured. INNUMERABLE TESTIMONIALS from grateful patients open to inspection. Rs 1-8.

"LU-LU" EYE-DROPS.

A safe cure for SORE, INFLAMED, WEAK EYES, GRANULATED LIDS CORNEAL ULCERS, etc. Invaluable to Mofussil Residents. Re. 1.

RUBY TABLETS. A never failing remedy for MALARIA, INTERMITTENT AND OTHER FEVERS. No family should be without it As. 8 only.

GUNC. Cures acute cases without COPAIBA, SANTAL OIL or any internal medicines, PAINLESS POSITIVE CURE in 3 days. MONEY RETURNED IF NOT CURED. Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

OF ALL DEALERS OR

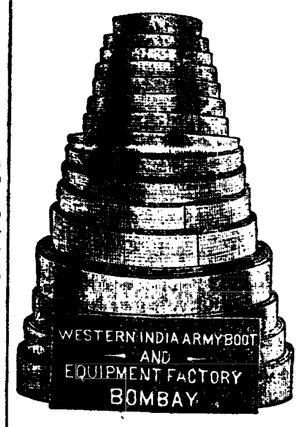
D. SPECIFIC CO.
Medows Street, Bombay.

SAVE BOTH.....
TIME & MONEY
By Using.....
ATANK NIGRAH PILLS.

They cure Constipation, Brainfag, Mental and Physical weakness and will promote your health.

Write us for prices and other particulars.

VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy
Jamnagar, Kathiawar
and
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.



LEATHER BELTINGS.

Please try our Beltings as they have hitherto been well patronised by the principle Mills and Ginning Factories.

SINGLE LEATHER BELTINGS.

	Dark Colour. Per lb.	Bright Colour. Per lb.
2" to 2½"	@ Rs. 2 0 0	@ Rs. 2 3 0
3" to 4"	@ „ 2 4 0	@ „ 2 7 0
5" to 6"	@ „ 2 8 0	@ „ 2 11 0

SUTOR & Co.,

TAJ BUILDINGS,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CAUTION In order to assure oneself against all frauds and imitations obtain the *Original & Genuine* **ROSKOPF** watches which have obtained several Medals & Awards every purchaser must see that they bear the trade-mark as shown here, and must **ALSO** examine *minutely* that there is *only one S* in the name Roskopf and that there are *no initials whatever* either before or after the name Roskopf, *nor are there any such words* or indications as "& Co.," "& Cie.", or "System," within or around the trade-mark of the Genuine Roskopf watches.

Some of the unscrupulous imitators are trying to deceive the public by affixing on very inferior qualities of watches even concocted and illusory names like "Ruskope," "Roskope," "Roscope" and such others which have no existence at all, but still the substantial good qualities of the Genuine Roskopf watches are gaining so much appreciation all over different parts of the world that they raise the envy and jealousy of rival manufacturers, and it is against such artful deceptions that it has become necessary for the purchasers to protect themselves by *very careful* and *minute* examination of the Roskopf trade-mark as herein indicated and for which we are obliged to give this warning.

Sole Agents—**ABRECHT & o.,**
289, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

These watches are made in all sizes in Gold, Silver and Nickel cases, and can be had from all respectable watch-dealers in India and Burma.

WICKLESS BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES.

(Only a few reasons why Preferred and so Popular)

It is Far Superior to any stove with Wick.

Most Economical because it has no Wick.

No Soot or Smell because it is Wickless.

Takes any grade of Kerosine Oil and produces a powerful Blue Flame.

No Pump and hence the Safest.

Nothing to get out of order—a mechanical Perfection.

With one, two or three burners.

Baking Ovens to suit all sizes.

CLUBWALLA & Co., LD.,

50, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

PIANOS & ORGANS
MUSIC

Stringed Instruments of all kinds.

Military Band Instruments and Appurtenances.

Mouth Organs at Rs. 2-4 each.

Fresh Strings of best quality every second Mail.

SOUNDY & Co. BOMBAY.

(Established over 56 years.)

EXPERIENCE VS. TROPICAL DISEASE.

ASK any "old timer" a good thing for Fever, Ague or Influenza, and he will tell you to get Batliwalla's!! His experience has proved that Batliwalla's beats the disease.

Ask your dealer for Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and Pills.

Batliwalla's Tonic-Pills, for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of over-wrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stages of consumption and indigestion etc.

Batliwalla's Tooth-Powder is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal," and English antiseptic drugs.

Batliwalla's Ring-Worm Ointment cures Ring-worm, Dhobies Itch, etc., in a day.

Batliwalla's Genuine Quinine Tablets of 1 gr. & 2 grs. in bottles of 100 each.

May be had of all Dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, SONS & CO., LD. Warli Laboratory DADAR, BOMBAY

AMRUTANJAN

BEST INDIAN PAIN BALM

Price 8 Annas per Bottle

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT

109, Frere Road, BOMBAY

GODREJ'S SAFES.

Used by Their Majesties when IN INDIA.

By appointment to His Excellency The Governor.

Highest Awards wherever Exhibited (13 Exhibitions.)

Largest Safeworks IN INDIA Employing 500 men.

MAKERS TO H.I.M. MINT AND A LARGE NUMBER OF EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BANKS,

7 LARGE SAFES

supplied to Messrs. EWART LATHAM & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their Offices.

372 SAFES

supplied for Savings Banks in India and Burma after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs in July 1912.

700 BURGLAR RESISTING SAFES

recently supplied to Government to replace other maker's safes that had been burgled.

GODREJ & BOYCE,

MANUFACTURING Co.
Near Gas Work Parel, BOMBAY.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,

Oculists, Scientific Refractionists and MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS MANUFACTURERS and SUPPLIERS OF THE PATENTED the invisible bi-focal **"KRYPTOK"** one-piece lens, and all kinds of lenses from pebbles, and from best quality crown glass, also tinted lenses, smoke, euphos, amber, blue etc.

TORIC LENSES MADE TO ANY PRESCRIPTION.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, with 26 years experience in sight-testing retinoscopically. Holds exceptional testimonials from the most eminent and enlightened citizens of Bombay and the Presidency.

SERVICES OF A RESIDENT.
OPHTHALMIC SURGEON FREE.
No. (7) 379, Hornby Row, BOMBAY,
opp. Govt. Telegraph Office, FORT.

STANDARD OIL CO.
OF NEW YORK

MARSHALL'S BUILDINGS,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND.	Rs.	as.	p.	Price.
Snowflake 150 deg.	7	9	2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	7	9	2	per case.
Chester Brand 125 deg.	7	9	2	per case.
Devoes's Brilliant 125 deg.	6	9	2	per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg.	6	4	2	per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	6	4	2	per case.
White Camelia 125 deg. (in tins)	5	8	0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins).	5	8	0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	5	8	0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk)	4	14	0	per 8 Imp. gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of the Blk Oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

The Thana Agent adds one anna to Bulk Oil price and Rs. 0-2-0 per case to above Case Oil prices.

Coorla, Andheri and Bandra Agents add one anna to above prices excepting for Bulk.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

MANAGER.

CITY SHORT HAND AND TYPEWRITING STUDIO.

Tutors of:—

SHORTHAND
AND
TYPEWRITING.

BEST BRITISH MAKE.
RIBBONS, CARBONS AND ALL TYPEWRITER AND DUPLICATOR SUPPLIES.

Typecopying work done neatly and accurately.

Sole Agents for:—

Empire Typewriter

281, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

G. M. JAYAKAR

ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER

GIRGAON, BOMBAY.

Photos by Day and Night

Pastel Painting a Speciality.

Perfect satisfaction in Snap Shots of Children.

Office, School and College Groups at special reduced rates.

Amateur Work done promptly and cheap.

A visit is solicited.

Studio open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

MONGINI BROTHERS

FOR
WEDDING CHRISTENING, BIRTHDAY AND PRESENTATION CAKES.

62, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Printed and published by JOHN F. TITUS, for THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER Co., Ltd., at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.